# Town of Granby Connecticut



## Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

# TOWN OF GRANBY CONNECTICUT

## Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Prepared by:

Administration/Finance Departments

John D. Ward Town Manager

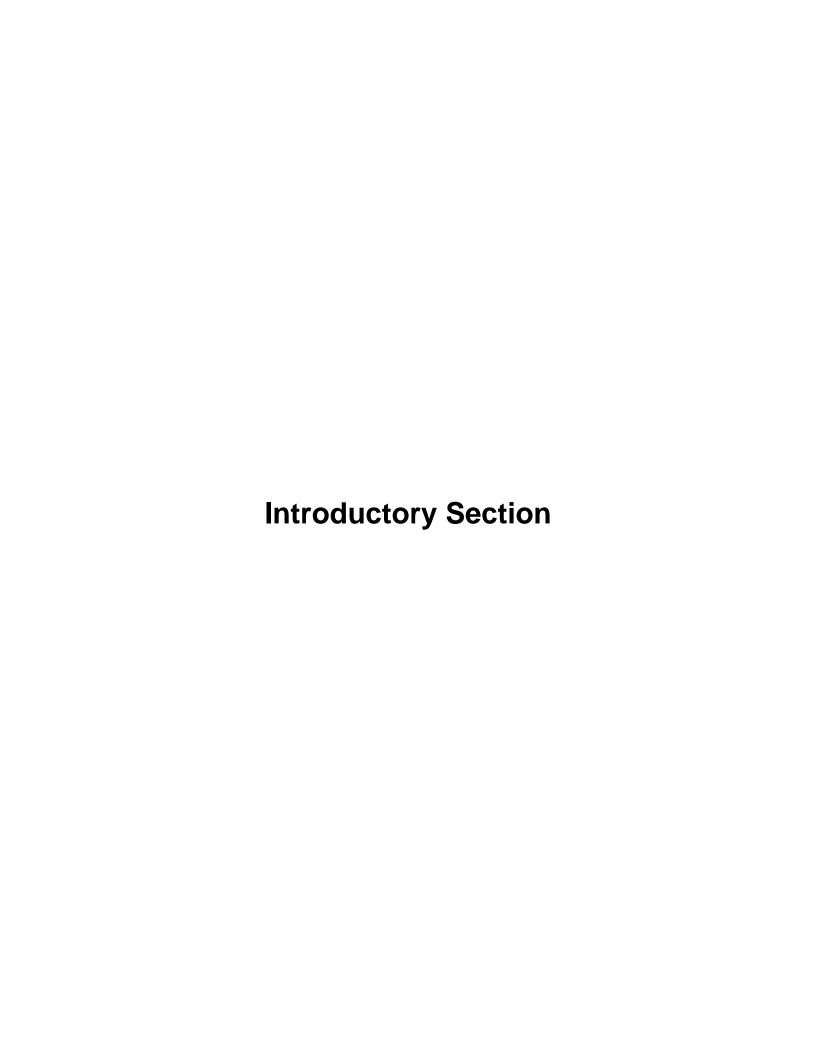
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Barbarajean C. Scibelli Administration Finance Officer

#### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2017

	Introductory Section	Page
	List of Principal Officials	i
	Organizational Chart	ii
	Letter of Transmittal	iii-x
	GFOA Certificate of Achievement	xi
	Financial Section	
	Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-16
	Basic Financial Statements	
Exhibit		
EXIIIDIC	Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
I	Statement of Net Position	17
II	Statement of Activities	18
	Fund Financial Statements:	
	Governmental Funds:	
Ш	Balance Sheet	19-20
IV	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Proprietary Funds:	21-22
V	Statement of Net Position	23
۷I	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	24
VII	Statement of Cash Flows	25
\ /III	Fiduciary Funds:	00
VIII	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	26
IX	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Trust Fund and OPEB Trust Funds	27
	Notes to the Financial Statements	28-57
	Required Supplementary Information	
RSI-1	General Fund: Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual	58-59
RSI-2	Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual  Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual	60-61
1101-2	Pension Trust Fund:	00-01
RSI-3	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	62
RSI-4	Schedule of Employer Contributions	63
RSI-5	Schedule of Investment Returns	64
	Teachers Retirement Plan	
RSI-6	Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability OPEB Plan:	65
RSI-7	Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	66
RSI-8	Schedule of Employer Contributions	67
RSI-9	Schedule of Investment Returns	68

Exhibit	_	Page
	Supplemental, Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
A-1 A-2 A-3 A-4	General Fund: Comparative Balance Sheet Combining Balance Sheet Schedule Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Report of Tax Collector	69 70 71 72
B-1 B-2	Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	73-76
	Fund Balances	77-80
C-1	Agency Funds: Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	81-82
	Statistical Section	
Table	<u>-</u>	
	Financial Trends:	
1	Net Position by Component	83
2	Changes in Net Position	84
3	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	85
4	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	86
	Revenue Capacity:	
5	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	87
6	Property Tax Rates	88
7	Principal Property Taxpayers	89
8	Property Tax Levies and Collections	90
0	Debt Capacity:	04
9	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	91
10	Statement of Debt Limitation	92
11	Legal Debt Margin Information	93
12	Demographic and Economic Statistics:	94
13	Demographic and Economic Statistics	94 95
13	Principal Employers Operating Information:	90
14	Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function/Program	96
15	Operating Indicators by Function/Program	97
16	Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	98
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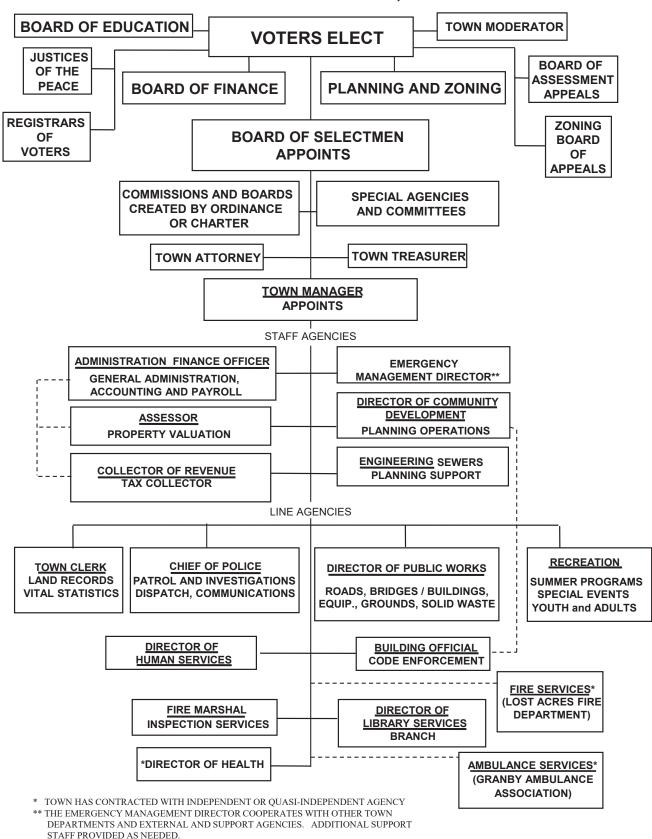


#### **TOWN OF GRANBY**

#### Principal Municipal Officials

O#:	Mana	Manner of	T
<u>Office</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Selection</u>	<u>Term</u>
First Selectman	B. Scott Kuhnly	Elected	2 years
Selectman	Sally S. King	Elected	2 years
Selectman	James C. Lofink	Elected	2 years
Selectman	Mark C. Neumann	Elected	2 years
Selectman	Edward E. Ohannessian	Elected	2 years
Town Manager	William F. Smith, Jr.	Appointed	Indefinite
Town Clerk	Karen I. Hazen	Appointed	Indefinite
Collector of Revenue	Lauren C. Stuck	Appointed	Indefinite
Assessor	Susan J. Altieri	Appointed	Indefinite
Treasurer	John E. Adams	Appointed	2 years
Administration Finance	Barbarajean C. Scibelli	Appointed	Indefinite
Officer			
Board of Finance - Chair	Michael B. Guarco, Jr.	Elected	4 years
Board of Education - Chair	Ronald S. Walther.	Elected	4 years
Superintendent of Schools	Alan Addley	Appointed	3 years
Town Attorney	Richard P. Roberts	Appointed	2 years

#### TOWN GOVERNMENT GRANBY, CONNECTICUT



#### **TOWN OF GRANBY**



Incorporated 1786

### 15 NORTH GRANBY ROAD GRANBY, CONNECTICUT 06035-2125

(860) 844-5300

JOHN D. WARD TOWN MANAGER

December 21, 2017

Town of Granby Granby, Connecticut

To the members of the Board of Selectmen, Board of Finance, and citizens of the Town of Granby:

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of Granby (the "Town") is submitted for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The appointed auditors from Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified opinion on Granby's financial statements for the Fiscal Year 2016-17. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Town. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed information is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Town. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient dependable information for the preparation of the Town's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town's detailed configuration of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Town's financial activities have been included.

The Town is required to undergo an annual audit in conformity with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act and the U.S. Office of Management and Uniform Guidance, as well as the Connecticut Single Audit Act. Information related to these single audits, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, are issued under separate cover and are not included in this report. Copies of these reports are on file in the Granby Town Clerk's office and electronically at <a href="https://www.granby-ct.gov">www.granby-ct.gov</a>.

#### Profile of the Government

The Town of Granby covers approximately 40.8 square miles and is located sixteen miles northwest of Hartford. Granby is surrounded by the Connecticut towns of Barkhamsted, Canton, Hartland, Suffield, East Granby, Simsbury, and the Massachusetts towns of Granville and Southwick located to the north of Granby. Granby is primarily a rural residential community of single family homes, with a growing mix of multifamily housing developments and housing for the elderly. Throughout the years a wide variety of commercial businesses have followed the residential growth. The Town's 2010 Census population was 11,282. The current information shows Granby with a 2017 population of 11,292. The Town, originally part of the Town of Simsbury, was incorporated in 1786.

The Town functions under the Selectmen-Town Manager form of government. A Town Charter was first adopted in 1960. The Town Charter was last revised November 6, 2012. A Charter Revision Committee was appointed in the fall of 2011 in order to comply with the requirements of the Town Charter and the Connecticut General Statutes. The vote on November 6, 2012 approved the changes recommended by the Charter Revision Committee. The most significant change was in the budget approval process, which is now by automatic referendum.

The legislative body of the Town is the Board of Selectmen. The Board of Selectmen consists of five members, including a separately elected First Selectman who serves as Chairman and presiding officer of the Board. The Board and the First Selectman each are elected at-large for two-year terms. The Board of Selectmen appoints the Town Manager who is the Chief Executive Officer of the Town. The Town Manager is responsible to the Board of Selectmen for the supervision and administration of town departments and its boards and commissions, except those elected by the people. The Board of Selectmen appoints the Town Treasurer and the Town Attorney for two-year terms.

The Board of Education membership consists of seven members, elected at-large for four-year overlapping terms. The election of members is conducted in accordance with the Town Charter and section 9-204b of the General Statutes.

A six-member elected Board of Finance serves as the Town's budget-making authority. Board members are elected for four-year overlapping terms. The Board of Finance appoints the Town Auditor and recommends the annual town budget for town approval.

The Administration Finance Officer oversees the accounting division and assists the Town Manager in administration of finance and administrative operations. This office administers the accounts for all town funds. The Assessor's office discovers, lists, and prices real estate, personal property, and motor vehicles for the purposes of taxation. The Collector of Revenue collects taxes, interest, and fees on all taxable property in the Town. This office also bills, collects, processes, and deposits money from all town departments. The Town Treasurer oversees the Town's bank deposits and trust funds and countersigns all checks for payment made with town funds.

The Town provides the following municipal services as authorized by Charter or by the Board of Selectmen: public safety (police protection and dispatch services for police, fire, and ambulance); library; parks and recreation; public works; senior and youth services, health and social services; community development; building; education; and general administrative services.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

Granby's local economy is primarily a component of residential properties and local businesses. Granby's housing base is made up primarily of single-family homes and the homeownership rate is about 90%. The median home value in Granby is \$254,400, which is \$36,000 above the median home value in Hartford County of 217,800. Recent sales show home sales prices ranging from \$150,000 to over \$600,000. The Town's residential component comprises about 94% of its tax base. In addition to the single family homes, Granby has six condominium developments containing 301 units and two elderly housing developments containing 86 units. Renovations were recently completed at the Salmon Brook Elderly Housing Complex, with funding from the Town's successful \$800,000 Small Cities grant application. The Stony Hill Village Elderly housing complex will soon be renovated with the help of another \$800,000 Small Cities grant.

Granby's multifamily housing is located primarily within Granby Center and along the southern Route 10 corridor where public water, natural gas, and public sewer is available. Construction is well underway on the new Copper Brook, Planned Unit Development, which when completed will add an additional 33 single family homes in a common interest community. In the southeast part of Granby, the Planning and Zoning Commission approved the Ridgewood residential community, which will have 130 apartment units in 5 separate buildings of 3 stories each, along with 50 single family homes in a common interest community. Also within this area, the Greenway Village apartment complex recently received certificates of occupancy for 16 new apartments. This 34 unit complex is on track to receive certificates of occupancy for the remaining 18 units by years end. The southern area of town is viewed as a continuing growth area. This area has experienced the greatest amount of new commercial development over the past few years with over 150,000 square feet of new building space constructed. The area infrastructure can support additional commercial and residential development and the town regularly receives inquiries concerning new developments.

The recent extension of natural gas lines has facilitated economic activity and provides significant costs savings for the Town. The Granby Memorial Middle School and High School and the Town's Municipal Complex are now served by natural gas. Property owners all along the new gas line have been actively converting to natural gas and the line was extended to serve the Meadowbrook Nursing Home. The Town anticipates that the gas line will be extended to the Bank Street area and many of the existing businesses have expressed interest in connecting to the line. In addition to the recent extension of gas lines, the Town recently extended the sewer line by approximately 3,000 feet along Canton Road, Archie Lane, and Burleigh Drive. Residents continue to connect to the line, which has generated additional investment within the area.

Overall, Granby business activity is designed primarily to serve Town residents and, to a degree, the region. Most retail, office, and personal services are located within the Granby Center. Granby Center has experienced significant changes over the years and now includes medical, attorney, real estate, financial, architectural, engineering, surveying, and other office types normally found within a thriving Town Center. Retail services range from national and local drug stores, a supermarket, health food store, specialty stores, hardware and kitchen design stores, package stores, and more. Naturally, the Center has several restaurants. These range from the fast food national chain stores to a bagel shop, local eateries, and a Starbucks. Also included are restaurants serving Mexican, Asian, and continental cuisines. The Town has supported its Center businesses with flexible zoning regulations, through business linkage initiatives, sidewalks, and the installation of traditional street lighting. Over the past few years

the Town added over 2,000 feet of new sidewalk improvements to this area and the Town intends to add an additional 2,500 feet of sidewalk to the Center in 2018. Most recently two new restaurants received Planning and Zoning Commission approval and both are currently under construction. Grassroots is a very successful ice cream shop that is expanding to a full restaurant. At 9 Bank Street, the former McDonalds restaurant is being combined with adjacent retail space to accommodate the new Olive and Garlic Italian restaurant. "Anytime Fitness" has found success within 7,250 square feet of previously vacant retail space and a historic home in the Granby Center at 2 East Granby Road is being renovated to accommodate a new attorney's office. Overall, these Center commercial, residential and infrastructure improvements are bringing to fruition the Town's goal of creating a walkable Village Center. State DOT improvements scheduled for 2021 will further this goal.

A variety of businesses are located to the north of Granby Center. These businesses include: Arrow Concrete, a state of the art industrial concrete plant containing 50,000 square feet; and State Line Oil & Propane which provide local fuel delivery service and retail and wholesale sales to the area. There are a variety of other industrial and retail service buildings within this area and the area continues to see new business occupancies and general improvements to buildings. In 2016 two new industrial buildings, containing a total of 14,000 square feet received Certificates of Occupancy. A new auto repair center recently opened and a new motorcycle sales and repair shop opened in a previously vacant building and shortly thereafter constructed an addition. Currently a new 3,600 sq. ft. building is under construction for LandTek, a multiservice landscaping company. Overall, this area should see additional industrial and commercial construction to meet the demand of local contractors and businesses.

While Granby is known as a highly desirable residential and educationally based community, it continues to build on its commercial base. The Town has earned an exemplary reputation for its work in fostering new business, as well as assisting existing businesses.

The Town's Grand List is comprised of a balanced mix of manufacturing and light industry and its top ten taxpayers represent about 3.54% of the total assessed value on the October 1, 2015 Grand List. The Town's 2015 Grand List saw an increase of approximately .58% due to new home activity, home renovations and new motor vehicles. This is the same percentage as the previous year, which has been the trend for the last few years. The last revaluation was completed for the October 1, 2012 Grand List which saw a decrease of 10.58%. The Town is currently working on the next revaluation that will be effective for the October 1, 2017 Grand List. The Town's property tax collection rate for the year ended on June 30, 2017 was \$944,016 above the budgeted amount. This represents a 102.6% tax collection rate. For Fiscal Year 2017, building permit activity fees totaled \$175,914. This was a small decrease of \$6,436 due mostly to less new home activity. Town Clerk fees for 2016-17 were \$231,994. This was a decrease of \$13,264 due to mortgage activity.

As of 2016 Granby's median household income was \$109,901. This exceeded the Hartford County average of \$68,027 by \$41,874 and exceeded the state average by \$38,146. The Town's October 2017 unemployment rate of 2.9% compared favorably to the statewide average of 4.3% and the national average of 4.1%. The Town's unemployment rate has fallen steadily since June of 2013 when it was 6.0%.

#### Long Term Financial Planning

Town staff developed a multi-year, long-range model for operations and major capital projects that shows previous budget activity and proposed future activity. This computer model considers estimated future grand list growth, revenue projections, operating budgets, fund balance and other reserves, and potential mill rate increases.

By resolution, the Board of Selectmen appointed the Capital Program Priority Advisory Committee (CPPAC) to oversee and report to the Selectmen on major capital projects. The Committee consists of two members each of the Boards of Selectmen, Finance, and Education. The Town Treasurer is the seventh member of the Committee. Once CPPAC proposes a major capital program, it is brought to the Selectmen for review and approval. This Committee approved various projects for the Board of Selectmen to consider in Fiscal Year 2011-12. The town approved 11 different projects on January 17, 2012 for a total cost of \$11,400,000. The net cost after grants was \$8,700,000. Among other items, the projects ranged from purchases of land, refurbish tennis courts, replacement of the Granby Public Library roof, a new Salmon Brook Park House, Silver Street Bridge replacement, an addition to the Public Works facility, a new computer lab at the high school, and new athletic fields at the Granby Memorial High School, which included two artificial turf fields, grandstand, lighting, score boards, and handicap access. Recently the Town was awarded a grant for almost \$600,000 for sidewalks from the Center to Salmon Brook Park. Construction for this activity is expected to take place in 2018. The Town was awarded a STEAP grant for \$500,000 and renovated the north barn at Holcomb Farm. In July 2014, the Town's financial status was reviewed by Standard & Poor's Rating Agency. Following its review, the Town's rating was upgraded to AA+.

The Board of Education is experiencing declining enrollment and after careful consideration it was decided to close the PreK through second grade school. The other schools were reconfigured and one of the schools was retrofitted to accommodate the children from the closed school. This was accomplished with remaining funds from some of the above projects and from a bond premium received from the above borrowing.

#### Relevant Financial Policies

Every fall, a Plus-One Budget is developed for short-term budget planning. It identifies existing budget needs, typically items over \$5,000, for the upcoming fiscal year. The Plus-One Budget is reviewed by the operating boards and forwarded to the Board of Finance. A Three Board meeting (Board of Selectmen, Board of Education, and Board of Finance) is then held in January to review where the town is financially. This leads to the development of a budget guideline for the boards to prepare a budget for the ensuing fiscal year.

During budget preparation, goals and objectives are reviewed annually. They have remained fairly constant for several years. Some of the policies include: Maintain or increase the effectiveness and efficiency of town services, pay by cash for capital expenditures when deemed appropriate, update the long-range operating and capital forecast model, and budget reasonable user fees as a revenue source.

In 2014 the Town appointed a seven member committee to explore opportunities and methods to improve Town and School District services. Some of the areas reviewed included building maintenance, information technology, finance management, and human resources. The Committee provided a final report in December 2015. The three operating boards - selectmen, education, and finance signed a Memorandum of Understanding to support their commitment to the continued coordination of sharing opportunities between the Town and the School.

The Town continues to look at ways to increase staff over a five-year period because service effectiveness and efficiencies are wearing thin. With the increased age in staff, there is an awareness that as retirements occur, the same level of services will not be able to be offered. In addition, there are staff service demands in the work force along with mandates for general government, police, library, and public works activities.

#### Regional Initiative

The Town is a leader in the state for participating in regional initiatives in order to have programs that would otherwise not be practical to offer on our own. The latest regional effort was the purchase of equipment with six area towns through a grant program that will assist with trail maintenance that runs through these towns. The Town continues with efforts to participate in future regional initiatives.

#### **Budgetary Control**

On or before the third Monday in March of each year, the Town Manager submits to the Board of Selectmen a proposed budget including estimated revenues for the Town for the ensuing fiscal year beginning July 1. The proposed budget includes proposed expenditures for the town, except for Board of Education operations, which are separately submitted to the Board of Finance. On or before the first Monday in April, the Board of Selectmen and the Board of Education each present to the Board of Finance a proposed annual operating budget. On the second Monday of April a public hearing is called by the Board of Finance. An annual budget vote is held on the fourth Monday in April; the vote may adopt the budget. If the budget is not adopted, the budget goes to another informational hearing and vote until passed. Prior to the vote, the budget may be amended by the Board of Finance.

Upon request from the Town Manager and with approval by the Board of Selectmen, the Board of Finance may transfer appropriations from one classification to another, except within the Board of Education. The Board of Finance may also make additional special appropriations, provided that the resolution making the appropriation includes certification from the Town Manager that the appropriation does not exceed 1-½% of the annual tax levy. Special appropriations above 1-½% require special town meeting approval called by the Board of Selectmen.

The Town's budgeting system for the General Fund requires accounting for certain transactions to be on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major difference between a Budget basis and a GAAP basis is that on a Budget basis encumbrances are recognized as a charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order is issued. On a Budget basis, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded in budgetary reports as expenditures in that year. On a GAAP basis, encumbrances at year-end are recorded as reservations of fund balance. Additionally, the State of Connecticut makes payments, on behalf of Granby teachers, into the state teacher retirement system. They are reported for GAAP purposes only.

Budgetary control is maintained by an encumbrance system. All purchases, except certain services as outlined in the Town's Purchasing Policy, require a purchase requisition and a purchase order. In addition, purchases over \$1,000 require evidence that bids or at least three quotations are received and that the lowest quote, consistent with quality, is selected.

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except in the capital projects funds where appropriations are continued until the completion of projects. Budgetary control in a capital project fund is achieved by constraints imposed by project authorization or grant awards related to the fund.

#### Cash Management

Connecticut law restricts investments of municipal funds to direct and indirect securities of the U.S. Government and deposits at qualified banks. Any uninsured and uncollateralized deposits in institutions must be invested in "qualified public depositories" covered under Connecticut General Statutes. State law requires that each financial institution accepting public deposits be responsible for pledging collateral for its public deposits, based on each bank's risk-based capital ratio. In addition, by Connecticut Statute, a public depository may not accept deposits from any one municipality, which would exceed 75 percent of the capital of the depository.

During the fiscal year, idle cash is invested principally in: United Bank; Simsbury Bank; Westfield Bank; Windsor Federal Savings Bank, Farmington Bank, and the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). Short-term interest rates remained fairly stable during the year as a result of actions by the Federal Reserve and the stock market. Simsbury Bank, where a large portion of the Town's idle cash is invested, yielded .45% on July 1, 2016 and ended with a rate of .78% through June 2017. The Town continually reviews its short-term investment actions to maximize its investment return

#### Risk Management

The Town has a partially self-insured administered services only account with the employee health insurance carrier, Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield, which is accounted for in the Town Health Benefits Fund (Internal Service Fund). The Town, Board of Education, and employees contribute funds to cover costs associated with providing medical benefits to current full-time employees and eligible former employees. The Town paid claims up to \$125,000 per participant per year with an individual stop loss policy covering amounts exceeding that limit. The Town seeks to maintain a reserve in the Health Benefits Fund of at least 25% of expected claims. This reserve is intended to cover the Town's claims exposure; that is, the difference between the expected or estimated claims for the plan year, which the Town budgets annually. The Granby Employee Health Benefits Advisory Committee reviews the Town's health benefit budget requirements with the assistance of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., the Town's agent for employee health insurance benefits.

In 2009, the Town engaged the actuarial firm of Milliman USA to prepare a valuation as to how the Town and the Board of Education might be fiscally impacted relative to providing post-retirement healthcare benefits for eligible retirees. The Town met the mandatory implementation date, as required in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, by adopting a systematic plan to phase in the costs associated with Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB). The Town will continue to update the valuation every two years. The July 1, 2015 valuation was the last one received.

The Town has insurance coverage for workers compensation, general liability, automobile liability, physical damage, and professional liability. Coverage is provided from the Connecticut Interlocal Risk Management Association (CIRMA). The Town engaged USI Insurance Services, LLC to determine the Town's insurance needs, and they review insurance proposals, loss data, and other information, and make recommendations to the Town Manager and Board of Education to review and monitor our insurance program and experience.

#### Other Information

#### Independent Audit

Connecticut General Statutes require that all municipalities have their accounts audited annually by an independent public accountant as required under Connecticut General Statutes Section 7-392. The Board of Finance appointed Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C., certified public accountants, to conduct the 2016-17 Town's audit. The independent auditors' report is included in this document.

#### Certificate of Achievement

This report has been prepared following the guidelines of the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GFOA awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to governmental units that publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A **Certificate of Achievement**, which is valid for one year only, is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting, and its attainment represents a significant accomplishment for a government unit and its management. The Town has continually received this award for 11 years. The Town intends to submit this report to GFOA for review under this program.

#### <u>Acknowledgments</u>

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Board of Selectmen, Board of Finance, and the Finance Department, especially Administration Finance Officer, Barbarajean C. Scibelli and her staff. I would again like to express my appreciation to them and other town departments who assisted in compiling this report. My office aims to provide support and advice necessary to carry out the policies of the Granby Board of Selectmen and Board of Finance, along with any challenging issues that may confront Granby in the years ahead.

Respectfully submitted,

John D. Ward Town Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Town of Granby Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO





#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Finance Town of Granby, Connecticut

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Granby, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Granby, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Granby, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2017 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 16, the budgetary comparison information on pages 58 through 61, and the pension and OPEB schedules on pages 62 through 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Granby, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Town of Granby, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2016, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. accompanying General Fund balance sheet as of June 30, 2016 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2016 financial statements. The accompanying General Fund balance sheet has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2016 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund balance sheet is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2017 on our consideration of the Town of Granby, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Granby, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Granby, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 21, 2017

Blum, Stapino + Company, P.C.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

This Annual Financial Report is prepared using the financial reporting requirements of the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34. GASB Statement 34 requires that we, as the managers of the Town of Granby, prepare a report that focuses on our most important, or "major" funds, including the general fund.

Fund statements measure and report the "operating results" of many funds by measuring cash on hand and other assets that can easily be converted to cash. These statements show the short-term performance of individual funds using the same measures governments use when financing current operations. On the other hand, if we charge a fee to users for services, fund information will continue to be based on accrual accounting. Budgetary compliance remains an important part of governmental accountability. Our financial statements include the *original* budget as well as the final amended budget.

Our hope is to provide you, the reader, with an objective and readable analysis of our financial performance for the year. Taken together, the following statements should enable you to assess whether Granby's financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's operations. The annual financial report includes government-wide financial statements prepared on the accrual basis for all of the government's activities. Accrual accounting measures not just current assets and current liabilities, but long-term assets and liabilities as well. It also reports all revenues and all costs of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current fiscal year (or shortly thereafter).

In summary, the government-wide financial statements will assist the reader to:

- Assess the finances of Granby in its entirety, including the year's operating results;
- Determine whether our overall financial position improved or deteriorated;
- Evaluate whether our current-year revenues were sufficient to pay for current-year services;
- See the costs of providing you the services you have requested of us;
- See how we finance the programs you have asked for through user fees and other program revenues versus general tax revenues;
- Understand the extent to which your government has invested in capital assets, including roads, bridges, schools, parks, and other infrastructure assets; and
- Make better comparisons between governments.

The Annual Financial Report includes the following information and financial statements as defined by GASB Statement 34:

- \*\* Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) An introduction to the basic financial statements and an analytical overview of the government's financial activities. The MD&A provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the Town's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. The MD&A:
  - □ Includes comparisons of the current year to the prior year based on government-wide information;
  - Provides an analysis of our overall financial position and the results of operations to assist you in assessing whether our financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities;
  - Analyzes significant changes in fund and major budget variances;
  - Describes capital asset and long-term debt activity during the year; and

Concludes with a description of currently known facts, decisions, or conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on our financial position or the results of our operations.

#### **\*** Basic Financial Statements

- ➤ **Government-Wide Financial Statements** are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Granby's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.
  - Government-Wide Financial Statements include a statement of net position which presents information on all of the Town of Granby's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Granby is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused employee vacation and sick leave). The statement of activities is prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These statements report all assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and gains and losses of the government. Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Granby that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works and environment, recreation and social services, education, and interest on longterm debt.
  - Fiduciary activities whose resources are not available to finance our governmental programs are excluded from these statements.

Capital assets, including infrastructure, are reported along with accumulated depreciation expense in the statement of net position. Net position is reported as capital assets net of related debt, restricted, and unrestricted. Permanent endowments or permanent fund principal amounts included in restricted net position are shown as either expendable or nonexpendable.

Expenses are presented reduced by program revenues, resulting in a measurement of "net (expense) revenue" for each of the government's functions. Program expenses include all direct expenses. General revenues such as taxes and special and extraordinary items are reported separately, ultimately arriving at the change in net assets for the period. Special items are significant transactions or other events that are either unusual or infrequent and are within the control of management.

- Fund Financial Statements are a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Granby, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.
  - Governmental fund financial statements include financial data for the general fund, capital projects fund, special revenue funds and permanent funds and are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. The focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, thus it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements with similar information presented for governmental funds in the long-term impact of the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The Town of Granby maintains thirty-three individual governmental funds. The twenty-eight special revenue funds and two permanent funds are included in the nonmajor governmental funds category. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the small cities fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other thirty governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the thirty nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* under Supplemental Information. Exhibits B-1 and B-2. The Town of Granby adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with budget appropriations.
  - Proprietary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Town of Granby maintains one type of proprietary fund, an internal service fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to calculate and allocate costs internally among the Town of Granby's various functions. The Town uses an internal service fund to account for its employee health benefits, collecting employer and employee payments and disbursing payments as required. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town of Granby's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Fund financial statements are presented for primary government and proprietary funds. Governmental fund statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Proprietary fund statements are comprised of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net fund position, and a statement of cash flows. A summary reconciliation of the fund and government-wide statements accompanies the fund financial statements.

Separate columns are shown for the general fund and for the capital projects fund, the two major governmental funds. Major funds are funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets, or liabilities (excluding extraordinary items) are at least 10 percent of corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least 5 percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds. Non-major funds are reported in the aggregate in a separate column as are internal service funds on the proprietary fund statements.

Governmental fund balances are segregated into five categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. (See Exhibit III – Balance Sheet, Governmental Funds, Note 1.M, and Note 9, Fund Balance, of the Notes to the Financial Statements for a detailed explanation).

Proprietary fund net position is reported in the same categories required for government-wide financial statements. Proprietary fund statements of net position distinguish between current and non-current assets and liabilities and display restricted assets.

The statements distinguish between operating and non-operating revenues and expenses in proprietary fund statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net fund assets. At the bottom of these statements, we reflect capital contributions, contributions to permanent and term endowments, special and extraordinary items, and transfers in arriving at the all-inclusive change in fund net position.

We present separate fiduciary fund statements used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and which cannot be used for our own programs. We must show a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Fiduciary fund statements also disclose interfund loans, interfund services provided and used, and interfund transfers.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

 Consist of notes that provide information essential to your understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Required Supplementary Information (RSI) consists of MD&A, budgetary comparison schedules, pension information, and retiree health insurance.

#### General Fund

RSI-1 Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual

RSI-2 Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual Pension Trust Fund:

RSI-3 Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

**RSI-4** Schedule of Employer Contributions

RSI-5 Schedule of Investment Returns

#### Teachers Retirement Plan

RSI-6 Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability OPEB Plan:

RSI-7 Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

RSI-8 Schedule of Employer Contributions

RSI-9 Schedule of Investment Returns

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

As management of the Town of Granby, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here and in the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX, and the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the Town of Granby exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent year by \$56,718,740 (net position). Of this amount, \$7,492,168 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position decreased by \$1,125,945.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,902,337, a decrease of \$525,633 in comparison with the prior year. Unassigned fund balances amounted to a collective \$3,499,079, or 6.46% of total revenues of \$54,163,297.
- At the end of the 2017 fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,490,747. Unassigned general fund balance represents 7.07% of total general fund revenues of \$49,373,122.
- The Town of Granby paid \$2,815,000 in maturing bond principal and issued no new bonds reducing our long-term debt to \$18,125,000.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Granby, assets exceeded liabilities by \$56,718,740 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. By far the largest portion of the Town's net position, \$49,033,010 (86.45%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets

that is still outstanding. The Town of Granby uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1. Net Position

	-	Governmental Activities			
	-	2017		2016	
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets	\$	14,999,415 69,782,438 84,781,853	\$	16,321,523 71,562,614 87,884,137	
Deferred Outflow of Resources:	_	734,318		1,956,114	
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	-	25,392,482 3,323,336 28,715,818	 	28,981,767 2,899,186 31,880,953	
Deferred Inflow of Resources	_	81,613		114,613	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	_	49,033,010 193,562 7,492,168		48,090,657 253,639 9,500,389	
Total Net Position	\$_	56,718,740	\$	57,844,685	

A portion of the Town's net position, \$193,562 (0.34%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. An amount of \$176,148 is set aside for debt service and \$17,414 is restricted for expendable trust purposes. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$7,492,168, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Granby is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position both for government as a whole as well as for its separate governmental activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The government's net position decreased by \$1,125,945 from operations during the current fiscal year. There were a number of positive and negative influences on this outcome. Reducing net position was a lowering of fund balances by \$525,633; an excess of depreciation expense over capital expenditures of \$1,679,982; accounting changes for property tax receivables, accrued property taxes and interest, and deferred outflows related to pensions for \$1,298,446; and a decrease in the internal service fund net position of \$1,140,766. Offsetting these declines in net position was a net \$915,375 of various expense related transactions and a net decrease in debt related liabilities of \$2,703,701.

The Town brought in total general revenues of \$36,702,849 which fell short of its net program expenses of \$37,828,794 by the amount of the net asset decrease. Gross expenses of \$55,680,635 were offset by \$3,420,631 in charges for services and \$14,431,210 in operating grants and contributions. The balance of the Town's total revenues of \$54,554,690 came in the form of \$35,962,069 of local property tax collections, \$486,336 as unrestricted grants and contributions, \$97,578 of unrestricted investment earnings, and \$156,866 of miscellaneous income. Of the net program expenses, \$25,616,662 was attributable to the Board of Education. Net general government expenses accounted for \$3,828,271, public safety \$2,696,907, public works and environment \$3,903,056, recreation and social services \$969,697, and interest on long-term debt \$814,201.

**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities decreased the Town's net position by \$1,125,945 as discussed above and shown in the following chart, accounting for 100% of the total increase in our net position. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

**Table 2. Changes in Net Position** 

Table 2. Changes in Net		Governmental Activities			
	-	2017		2016	
Revenues:	_		-		
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	3,420,631	\$	3,969,812	
Operating grants and contributions		14,431,210		11,870,357	
Capital grants and contributions				328,438	
General revenues:		.=		0.4.00==00	
Property taxes		35,962,069		34,987,703	
Grants and contributions not		400 000		447 400	
restricted to specific purpose		486,336		417,422 90,373	
Unrestricted investment earnings Other general revenues		97,578 156,866		90,373 67,065	
Total revenues	-	54,554,690	-	51,731,170	
Total Tovolidos	-	04,004,000	-	01,701,170	
Program Expenses:					
General government		5,119,003		4,329,900	
Public safety		3,499,740		3,293,836	
Public works and environment		4,676,148		4,327,217	
Recreation and social services		1,776,257		1,623,142	
Education		39,795,286		37,829,540	
Interest on long-term debt	_	814,201	_	940,632	
Total program expenses	_	55,680,635		52,344,267	
Change in Net Position		(1,125,945)		(613,097)	
ŭ		( , -,- :-)		(,,	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	57,844,685		58,457,782	
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	56,718,740	\$_	57,844,685	

On the revenue side, total revenues from the prior year increased by \$2,823,520 or 5.46%. Property tax collections were up \$974,366 (2.78%) reflecting the change in the state's car tax and a healthy collection rate. Charges for services declined \$549,181 (13.83%) comprised almost entirely by a \$565,251 drop in education fees. Operating grants and contributions realized a \$2,560,853 increase from \$2,013,747 more in teachers' retirement in-kind contribution education grants posted as an accounting entry only and \$589,503 more in general government grants arising from a small cities grant not received last year. Gross expenses of \$55,680,635 rose \$3,336,368 (6.37%) over last year due to education, up \$1,965,746, general government \$789,103, and public works and environment, \$348,931.

Chart 1 following presents the costs of each of the Town's six programs as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The Net Cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

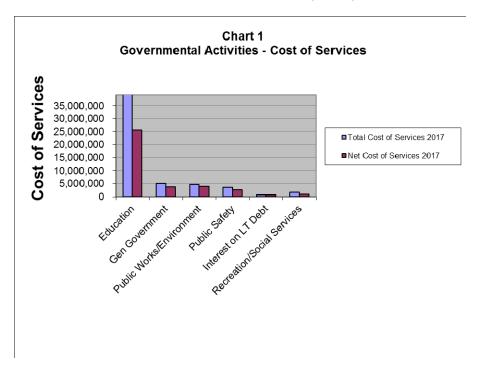
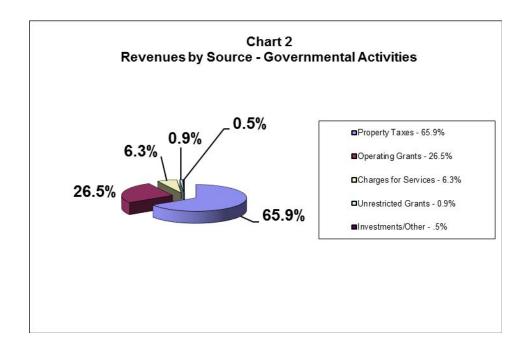


Chart 2 following indicates the sources of all Town revenues and the percentage of total Town revenue these individual revenues represent.



#### **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

As noted earlier, the Town of Granby uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Granby's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,902,337, a decrease of \$525,633 in comparison with the prior year. Unrestricted fund balance (committed, assigned, and unassigned), which is available for spending at the government's discretion, amounts to \$8,229,246. The General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Other Governmental Funds all posted positive fund balances for the year. Nonspendable fund balance in the amount of \$17,414 is not available for new spending because it represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts) and restricted fund balance of \$1,655,677 represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments, specifically, \$176,148 for debt service and \$1,445,386 for grants.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Granby. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unrestricted fund balance (and total fund balance) of the general fund was \$4,811,771. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unrestricted fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unrestricted fund balance (and total fund balance) represents 9.75% of total general fund revenues of \$49,373,122.

The fund balance of the Town's general fund increased by \$129,837 during the current fiscal year. We completed the year with an operating surplus of \$1,527,753, but with net transfers out of \$1,397,916 to our capital projects fund and a variety of nonmajor special revenue funds for budgeted expenditures, we reduced our total fund balance increase to a closing fund balance of \$4,811,771.

The capital projects fund balance fell by \$686,353 to \$1,078,020 reflecting \$3,151,928 of capital expenditures for reconfiguration and upgrading of the Kelly Lane School, renovations to the north barn at Holcomb Farm, purchase of technology equipment for the board of education, and town vehicles and equipment. These expenditures were funded by \$21,192 of grants and other revenue, \$1,759,652 of transfers in, and \$764,731 in new capital leases. Transfers out of \$80,000 produced a net other financing sources of \$2,444,383 resulting in a \$686,353 drawdown of the fund balance already noted.

The small cities fund, a grant funded capital account, is used for a housing rehabilitation program. The fund realized \$637,954 in revenues from grants and homeowners repaying their loans and a general government outlay of \$627,211 for an operating gain of \$10,743 and a closing fund balance of \$34,143.

**Proprietary fund.** The Town of Granby's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. As indicated earlier, we use an internal service fund to account for employee health benefits.

Net position of the internal service fund at the end of the 2017 year amounted to \$1,507,313, down \$1,140,766 from FY 2016, all of which is unrestricted. The total decrease in net position for the fund arose due to health insurance claims and administrative costs of \$6,847,032 exceeding interest earned, employee premiums, and Town and Board of Education contributions of \$5,696,621.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The original revenue budget of \$43,774,191 and the final revenue budget remained unchanged. The original expenditure budget of \$43,774,191 was adjusted up by a net \$68,641 by a number of small increases and decreases within a number of different line items.

During the year, actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$1,250,188 and actual expenditures were \$475,883 under budget, providing an overall positive budget variance of \$1,726,071. Property taxes collected contributed \$1,342,381 more than expected; intergovernmental revenues fell short by \$391,005 because of \$345,234 less municipal revenue sharing for motor vehicles; local revenues exceeded budget by \$91,672; and other miscellaneous revenues added \$164,148 to the revenue overage. Every expenditure category contributed to the positive budgetary outcome in varying amounts. For additional information, please see Exhibit RSI-1 and RSI-2 under Required Supplementary Information contained in this report.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets.** The Town of Granby's investment in capital assets for its governmental assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total net decrease (after dispositions and depreciation) in the Town's net investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$1,780,176.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- We added \$781,856 of new construction in progress and completed \$785,611 of work for reconfiguration of the Kelly Lane school after the closing of the Frank M. Kearns school:
- We added \$800,511 in buildings and improvements to reconfigure the Kelly Lane School and adding a covered walkway at the Holcomb Farm north barn;
- We purchased/leased \$579,989 for vehicles and equipment for the Town and for the Board of Education and disposed of \$263,111 of vehicles that were fully depreciated, obsolete, or beyond their useful life.

A summary of our capital assets is as follows:

Table 3. Capital Assets at Year-end (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2017	2016			
Land (not depreciated) Construction in progress (not depreciated) Buildings and improvements Vehicles and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 8,461,829 \$ 254,552 41,161,329 2,644,665 17,260,063	8,461,829 258,307 42,259,744 2,634,958 17,947,776			
Total	\$ 69,782,438 \$	71,562,614			

Additional information on the Town of Granby's capital assets can be found in Note 5, Capital Assets of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the 2017 fiscal year, the Town of Granby had \$18,125,000 of long-term bonded debt and no short-term debt. We paid off \$2,815,000 of bond principal and \$829,006 of interest. One hundred percent of Granby's indebtedness is general obligation debt secured by the full faith and credit of the Town.

Table 4. Long-Term Debt

Date	Purpose	Rate	_	Original		Debt	Fiscal Year Maturity
3/24/2005	Public Improvement, Refunding	3.90	\$	9,750,000	\$	3,085,000	2020
2/15/2006	Public Improvement	3.8-5.00		10,000,000		4,880,000	2026
8/15/2006	School	4.0-5.00		7,800,000		2,400,000	2021
2/15/2013	Public Improvement	2.0-4.0	_	8,700,000		7,760,000	2033
			\$_	36,250,000	\$_	18,125,000	

We issued no new debt this fiscal year.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to seven times its tax collections plus interest and lien fees. For June 30, 2017, the maximum amount of borrowing permitted under the formula would be \$253,000,860. In computing the statutory debt limit, \$1,539,277 of debt authorized but unissued is included. With total borrowings of \$19,664,277, the Town's outstanding general obligation debt is \$233,336,583 below the maximum debt limitation (See Note 7. Long-Term Debt, of this report and Table 10 – Statement of Debt Limitation).

Standard & Poor's Corporation (S&P), one of the three nationally recognized municipal credit rating agencies, rates our outstanding bonded debt "AA+".

The Town has entered into a number of capital leases which are treated as a long-term liability on the balance sheet. These leases vary in duration through June 21, 2022 and bear interest rates from 2.2% to 2.92%. As of June 30, 2017, we had combined capital lease obligations outstanding in the amount of \$1,937,394 the proceeds of which were used for the purchase of vehicles and equipment including technology, a heavy duty dump truck with plow, and a back hoe (Also see Note 8. Leases, of this report).

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

- The unemployment rate for the Town of Granby was 3.7% as of June 30, 2017, which is a 0.7% decrease from a rate of 4.4% from a year ago. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 5.1% and the national average rate of 4.5% (not seasonally adjusted).
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to the national indices.
- The FY 2018 budget was approved in accordance with the Town charter on April 24, 2017.

The FY 2017 - 18 budget incorporates several goals and objectives:

- Continue to *maintain or increase the effectiveness and the efficiency of town services* by the use of new technology and best practice methods.
- Attempt to hold the line with the number of full-time and part-time employees. This has been accomplished by regularly evaluating services and by examining alternative methods of service delivery without sacrificing quality of service.
- Payments for debt service requirements to be met by budgeting from the town's capital
  reserve set-aside fund. This so-called set-aside fund is designed to meet future
  capital project costs. A sufficient fund balance is also necessary to be in place
  to meet unanticipated needs, such as storm damage and clean up, and to
  maintain a high degree of flexibility in the event of economic shifts.
- Pay by cash for some capital expenditures, when deemed appropriate, or a phase in to
  combine the impact of some capital projects over two or more fiscal years is
  considered. Equipment lease purchases designed to soften shifts in tax
  increases are also reviewed during the budget process.
- Continue to *update the town's long-range operating and capital forecast models* in order to meet an endorsed "Statement of Commitment" and to better predict the mill rate impact of larger capital budget requirements.
- Budget revenue sources reasonably and put in place competitive user fees to fund certain essential and non-essential, but desirable, programs for all nonmandatory services.

For FY 2017 - 2018, Granby's budget rose \$251,501 (0.57%) from \$43,774,191 to \$44,025,692.

#### Revenues

The local real estate, personal property, and motor vehicle tax levy on the grand list of October 1, 2016 rose \$1,086,167, or 1.00 mill relative to last year, from 36.94 mills to 37.94 mills, a 2.71% raise. Other property tax revenues rose slightly to \$615,000 from \$598,000.reflecting estimated supplemental motor vehicle taxes as a result of new car purchases after the 10/1 grand list. Intergovernmental grants from the state and federal government were set at \$6,441,233 which is \$962,346 less than last year to reflect a lower ECS grant and funding for MRSA activity relating to the motor vehicle tax. We budgeted a \$77,680 increase in local revenues and transfers from fiscal year 2017's \$645,081 to \$722,761. Budgeted use of general fund balance to offset further tax increases amounted to \$1,050,000, up \$50,000 from the prior year.

General government expenditures of \$10,475,000 (before capital expenditures and debt service) are \$114,436 over last year and represent 23.79% of the total budget while the Board of Education's \$28,656,152 (up \$223,516 from last year) share amounted to 65.09% of the \$44,025,692 budget. There was no budgeted CNEF capital outlays, but the general government operating budget provided for \$1,350,000 of capital expenditures. The remainder of the budget is devoted to debt service (\$3,544,540-8.05%). Debt service, almost all of which is education related, decreased by \$108,451 reflecting decreased interest expense as outstanding principal is amortized.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town of Granby's budget for the 2018 fiscal year.

At the close of the June 30, 2017 fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance in the general fund was reported at \$4,811,771. The Town has appropriated \$1,050,000 of this amount for spending in the 2018 fiscal year budget.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Granby's finances for all those with an interest in the government's operations. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Town Manager or to the Administration Finance Officer, Town of Granby, Town Hall, 15 North Granby Road, Granby, CT 06035-2125.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,539,452
Investments	6,102,254
Receivables, net	2,357,709
Capital assets not being depreciated	8,716,381
Capital assets being depreciated, net	61,066,057
Total assets	84,781,853
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	695,926
Deferred charge on refunding	38,392
Total deferred outflows of resources	734,318
Liabilities:	
Accounts and other payables	1,393,900
Accrued interest	288,808
Unearned revenue	1,222,235
Claims payable	418,393
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	4,083,634
Due in more than one year	21,308,848
Total liabilities	28,715,818
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	47,934
Advance property tax collections	33,679
Total deferred inflows of resources	81,613
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	49,033,010
Restricted for:	470.440
Debt service	176,148
Trust purposes:	47 444
Nonexpendable	17,414
Unrestricted	7,492,168
Total Net Position	\$ 56,718,740

#### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			_		ı	Program Revenue	es		_	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	-	Expenses	_	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works and environment Recreation and social services Education Interest on long-term debt	\$	5,119,003 3,499,740 4,676,148 1,776,257 39,795,286 814,201	\$	696,496 796,949 425,099 688,951 813,136	\$	594,236 5,884 347,993 117,609 13,365,488	\$		\$	(3,828,271) (2,696,907) (3,903,056) (969,697) (25,616,662) (814,201)
Total	\$	55,680,635	\$_	3,420,631	\$	14,431,210	\$		_	(37,828,794)
			s ontrik nves s	tment earnings		ed to specific progra	ams		-	35,962,069 486,336 97,578 156,866 36,702,849
		Change in r	net p	osition						(1,125,945)
		Net Position at	Begi	nning of Year					_	57,844,685
		Net Position at	End	of Year					\$_	56,718,740

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	<del>-</del>	General	Capital Projects	_	Small Cities	(	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	. <u>-</u>	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,233,361 \$		\$	64,734	\$	962,627	\$	6,260,722
Investments		6,102,254			4 007 450		00.000		6,102,254
Receivables, net Due from other funds		1,081,157	1 079 020		1,207,156		69,396		2,357,709
Due from other lunds	_	608,388	1,078,020	-		-	3,995,574	-	5,681,982
Total Assets	\$_	13,025,160 \$	1,078,020	\$_	1,271,890	\$_	5,027,597	\$	20,402,667
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	927,759 \$		\$	30,591	\$	425,727	\$	1,384,077
Due to other funds		6,730,393					608,388		7,338,781
Unearned revenue	_			_	1,207,156	_	15,079	_	1,222,235
Total liabilities	-	7,658,152		_	1,237,747	_	1,049,194	-	9,945,093
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		521,558							521,558
Advance tax collections	_	33,679		_					33,679
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	555,237		_	-	_	-	-	555,237
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable							17,414		17,414
Restricted					34,143		1,621,534		1,655,677
Committed		51,064	1,078,020				2,381,123		3,510,207
Assigned		1,269,960							1,269,960
Unassigned	_	3,490,747		_		_	(41,668)	_	3,449,079
Total fund balances	_	4,811,771	1,078,020	_	34,143	_	3,978,403		9,902,337
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	13,025,160 \$	1,078,020	\$_	1,271,890	\$_	5,027,597	\$	20,402,667

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2017

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

\$ 9,902,337

120,608,633

(50,826,195)

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets
Less accumulated depreciation
Net capital assets

69,782,438

Other long-term assets and deferred outflows are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Property tax receivables greater than 60 days	406,825
Interest receivable on property taxes	114,733
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	695,926
Deferred charges on refunding	38,392

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

1,507,313

Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Net pension liability	(3,195,466)
Bonds and notes payable	(18,125,000)
Interest payable on bonds and notes	(288,808)
Compensated absences	(989,879)
Claims and judgments	(59,934)
Capital lease	(1,937,394)
Unamortized bond premium	(725,426)
Net OPEB obligation	(359,383)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(47,934)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

56,718,740

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	General	Capital Projects		Small Cities	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	36,067,912 \$	\$	5	\$	\$	36,067,912
Intergovernmental		12,481,611	8,468		586,669	1,739,873	14,816,621
Licenses, fees and charges for services		420,072				2,190,608	2,610,680
Investment income		78,146	5,388		29	4,370	87,933
Other revenues	_	325,381	7,336		51,256	196,178	580,151
Total revenues	_	49,373,122	21,192		637,954	4,131,029	54,163,297
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		3,749,328			627,211	4,000	4,380,539
Public safety		2,587,087				698,950	3,286,037
Public works and environmental		3,106,240				314,095	3,420,335
Recreation and social services		832,031				800,172	1,632,203
Education		33,926,677				2,222,936	36,149,613
Capital outlay			3,151,928				3,151,928
Debt service	_	3,644,006		_			3,644,006
Total expenditures	_	47,845,369	3,151,928	_	627,211	4,040,153	55,664,661
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over Expenditures	_	1,527,753	(3,130,736)	_	10,743	90,876	(1,501,364)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		130,199	1,759,652			123,463	2,013,314
Transfers out		(1,528,115)	(80,000)			(405,199)	(2,013,314)
Capital lease issuance	_		764,731			211,000	975,731
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(1,397,916)	2,444,383			(70,736)	975,731
Net Change in Fund Balances		129,837	(686,353)		10,743	20,140	(525,633)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	4,681,934	1,764,373	_	23,400	3,958,263	10,427,970
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	4,811,771 \$	1,078,020	<b>_</b>	34,143	3,978,403	9,902,337

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ (525,633)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlay 1,376,745 Depreciation expense (3,056,727)

The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in of capital assets. (100,194)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

Property tax receivable - accrual basis change (68,672)
Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change (37,171)
Change in deferred outflows amounts related to pensions (1,192,603)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Bond principal payments	2,815,000
Capital lease payments	864,432
Capital lease financing	(975,731)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Compensated absences	(25,568)
Claims and judgments	(59,934)
Accrued interest	44,886
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(29,193)
Amortization of bond premiums	48,021
Net OPEB expense	137,361
Pension obligation	785,704
Change in deferred inflows amounts related to pensions	14,098

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities. (1,140,766)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ (1,125,945)

# TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	-	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Assets:	- -	
Current:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	278,730
Due from other funds	- -	1,656,799
Total assets	-	1,935,529
Liabilities:		
Current:		
Accounts and other payables		9,823
Risk management claims	-	418,393
Total liabilities	-	428,216
Net Position:		
Unrestricted	\$_	1,507,313

TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	-	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues:		
Contributions	\$	4,027,078
Employee contributions		1,277,820
Other	_	391,723
Total operating revenues	_	5,696,621
Operating Expenses: Health insurance claims Contribution to OPEB Trust Fund Administrative and management fees Total operating expenses	-	6,019,965 233,043 594,024 6,847,032
Operating Loss		(1,150,411)
Nonoperating Revenue: Revenues from use of money	_	9,645
Change in Net Position		(1,140,766)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	2,648,079
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	1,507,313

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	<u>-</u>	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from charges for services and contributions Cash paid for claims, premiums and fees Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	6,766,781 (6,847,511) (80,730)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Income on investments	_	9,645
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(71,085)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	349,815
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	278,730
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: (Increase) decrease in due from other funds Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in risk management claims Total adjustments	\$ <u>_</u>	(1,150,411) 1,070,160 449 (928) 1,069,681
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	(80,730)

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

		Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	_	Agency Funds
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments - mutual funds	\$	117,424 18,300,257	\$	355,606
Accounts receivable	-	2,785	_	76,130
Total assets	-	18,420,466	\$_	431,736
Liabilities:				
Due to employees and others	_	-	\$_	431,736
Net Position: Restricted for Pension Benefits and Other Post Employment Benefits	\$ <sub>=</sub>	18,420,466		

# TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Funds
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer	1,195,180
Employee	161,662
Total contributions	1,356,842
Investment income (loss):	
Net change in fair value of investments	2,062,699
Interest and dividends	306,231
Total investment gain (loss)	2,368,930
Less investment expenses:	
Investment management fees	42,326
Net investment income (loss)	2,326,604
Total additions	3,683,446
Deductions:	
Benefits	1,516,829
Change in Net Position	2,166,617
Net Position at Beginning of Year	16,253,849
Net Position at End of Year	18,420,466

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Granby (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

The Town operates under a Charter as revised in November 2012. The form of government includes an elected Board of Selectmen, consisting of a First Selectman and four other members, an elected seven-member Board of Education, and an elected six-member Board of Finance.

Generally, the legislative power of the Town is vested with the Board of Selectmen. The Board of Selectmen may enact, amend or repeal ordinances and resolutions. The administration of Town offices and agencies, with the exception of the Board of Education, is the responsibility of the Town Manager who is appointed by the Board of Selectmen.

The Board of Finance is responsible for financial and taxation matters as prescribed by Town Charter and Connecticut General Statutes, and is responsible for presenting fiscal operating budgets for Town Meeting approval. The Town has the power to incur indebtedness by issuing bonds or notes as provided by Town Charter and Connecticut General Statutes.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for capital expenditures or for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities, improvements and/or equipment. Capital projects of greater than one year's duration have been accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Most of the capital outlays are financed by the issuance of general obligation bonds. Other sources include capital grants and interest income.

The Small Cities Fund accounts for federal grants to be used for the rehabilitation of private residential structures.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for risk management activities of the Town.

The Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds account for the activities of the Town's Pension Plan and the Town Post Employment Benefit plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments and healthcare payments to qualified Town employees.

The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and so do not involve measurement of results of operation. The High School Activity, Middle School Activity, Kelly Lane School Activity, Kearns School Activity, Wells Road School Activity and Contract Security Fund are the Town's agency funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town's functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service fund are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of benefits and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## D. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value.

## E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Based upon the annual budget as adopted, the Board of Finance establishes the tax rate to be levied on the taxable property for the ensuing year.

Property taxes are levied in June on all assessed property on the grand list of October 1 prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Real and personal property tax bills in excess of \$100 are payable in two installments, July 1 and January 1, and motor vehicle taxes are payable in one installment on July 1. Taxes become delinquent 30 days after the installment is due. Delinquent taxes are billed at least twice a year, with interest at the rate of 1.5% per month. In accordance with state law, the oldest outstanding tax is collected first. Outstanding real estate tax accounts are normally liened each year prior to June 30 with legal demands and alias warrants used in the collection of personal property and motor vehicle tax bills. Additional property taxes are assessed for motor vehicles registered subsequent to the grand list date through July 31 and are payable in one installment, which is due January 1.

Property tax revenues are recorded as receivable on the due date and are recognized as revenues to the extent collected during the fiscal year or collected soon enough thereafter (within 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes receivable not expected to be collected during the available period are reflected as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. Property taxes receivable at June 30, 2017 is stated net of allowance for estimated uncollectible amounts of \$48,480.

The Town levies special assessments for the purpose of financing the construction of sanitary sewers. Such assessments are collectible in installments as provided by the Connecticut General Statutes. Assessment revenues are recognized when they are collected.

## F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

## G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40-50
Building improvements	15-25
Public domain infrastructure	30-60
Vehicles	3-15
Office equipment	5-10
Computer equipment	5-10

#### H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience and investment gains or losses. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections and deferred inflows of resources related to pension in the government-wide statement of net position. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension resulted from differences between expected and actual experience. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). For governmental funds, in addition to advance tax collections, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

## I. Compensated Absences

A limited amount of vacation time earned may be accumulated by employees until termination of their employment. Vacation leave is valued using current salary costs, as well as any salary related payments that are directly and incrementally connected with leave payments to employees. Sick leave accruals are also based on current salary costs as well as salary-related payments.

## J. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

#### K. Net OPEB Obligation

The net OPEB obligation represents the cumulative difference between the annual OPEB cost and the Town's contributions to the plans. These amounts are calculated on an actuarial basis and are recorded as a noncurrent liability, in the government-wide financial statements.

#### L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## M. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

## **Net Investment in Capital Assets**

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

#### **Restricted Net Position**

Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### **Unrestricted Net Position**

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

#### **Committed Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Finance). Amounts remain committed until action is taken by the Board of Finance (resolution) to remove or revise the limitations.

#### **Assigned Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Town Manager that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

#### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

## N. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### O. Use of Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## A. Budgetary Information

For purposes of preparing the annual budget, the Town Manager compiles preliminary estimates of all departments and agencies, with the exception of the Board of Education, for presentation to the Board of Selectmen. After making such alterations or changes as it deems necessary, the Board of Selectmen presents the compiled budget to the Board of Finance. The Board of Education submits its estimates directly to the Board of Finance.

The Board of Finance may make such revisions to the Selectmen's and Education budget estimates as it deems desirable, and then holds a public hearing and presents a proposed budget on the second Monday in April. A machine vote on the budget is taken on the fourth Monday in April. If the budget does not pass, a hearing shall be held on the succeeding Monday for informational purposes with a machine vote on the following Monday. The process shall continue in this manner until a budget is adopted. The Board of Finance may make revisions between machine votes. Summaries of the revisions are then made available to the public.

Subject to certain restrictions, additional appropriations may be approved by the Board of Finance upon recommendation of the Board of Selectmen and certification on availability of the funds by the Town Manager. In this function, department budget accounts serve as the legal level of control. As a result of additional appropriations during fiscal year 2017, the original General Fund operating budget was increased by \$68,641.

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year except for those in the capital projects and special revenue funds. Appropriations for these funds are continued until completion of the applicable projects, which often last more than one fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are included in either restricted, committed or assigned fund balance depending on the level of restriction and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Budgets for Special Revenue Funds that are utilized to account for specific grant programs are established in accordance with the requirements of the grantor agencies. In some instances, such budgets comprehend more than one fiscal year or a fiscal period that does not coincide with the Town's fiscal year.

Legal authorization for Capital Projects is provided by the related bond ordinances and/or intergovernmental grant agreements. Capital appropriations do not lapse until the purpose for which they are designated is completed.

Expenditures that will exceed the adopted budgets can be made only upon the authority of a supplemental appropriation or an approved budgetary transfer.

#### **B. Fund Deficits**

At June 30, 2017, the Town reported deficit fund balance for the following funds:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Ambulance Association \$ 39,762 Emergency Management \$ 1,906

The Town plans to address these deficits in subsequent years.

## 3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

## **Deposits**

## **Deposit Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$11,345,313 of the Town's bank balance of \$13,683,090 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	10,035,782
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's		
trust department, not in the Town's name		1,309,531
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$_	11,345,313

## **Cash Equivalents**

At June 30, 2017, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$99,416. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard & Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the Town had the following investments:

			Investment	Maturities	(Years)
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 - 10	More Than 10
Interest-bearing investments: Certificates of deposit	* \$	6,102,254 \$	6,102,254 <sub></sub> \$	\$	
Other investments: Mutual funds	_	18,300,257			
Total Investments	\$ <u></u>	24,402,511			

<sup>\*</sup>Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and collateralization.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The Town limits their maximum final stated maturities to 15 years, unless specific authority is given to exceed. To the extent possible, the Town will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.

#### Credit Risk - Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has an investment policy that allows the same type of investments as State Statutes.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Town has no policy limiting an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2017, the Town did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the Town's name.

#### **Fair Value Disclosure**

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

Investments by Fair Value Level		Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Mutual Funds	\$	18,300,257	\$ <u>18,300,257</u> \$	<u> </u>	
Investments not included above: Certificates of deposit	_	6,102,254	-		
Total Investments	\$_	24,402,511	=		

Mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

## 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	General		Small Cities	 Nonmajor and Other Funds	 Total
Receivables:						
Interest	\$	114,733	\$		\$	\$ 114,733
Taxes		528,516				528,516
Intergovernmental					69,396	69,396
Loans				1,207,156		1,207,156
Other	_	486,388	_		 78,915	 565,303
Gross receivables	_	1,129,637	_	1,207,156	 148,311	2,485,104
Less allowance for uncollectibles	_	(48,480)	<u>.</u> .			 (48,480)
Net Total Receivables	\$	1,081,157	\$	1,207,156	\$ 148,311	\$ 2,436,624

## 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

		Beginning					Ending
	_	Balance	 Increases	-	Decreases	_	Balance
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	8,461,829	\$	\$		\$	8,461,829
Construction in progress		258,307	 781,856	_	(785,611)	_	254,552
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	8,720,136	781,856	-	(785,611)	_	8,716,381
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		69,056,197	800,511		(43,129)		69,813,579
Vehicles and equipment		8,077,343	579,989		(263,111)		8,394,221
Infrastructure		33,684,452					33,684,452
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	110,817,992	1,380,500		(306,240)	_	111,892,252
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		(26,796,453)	(1,865,777)		9,980		(28,652,250)
Vehicles and equipment		(5,442,385)	(503,237)		196,066		(5,749,556)
Infrastructure		(15,736,676)	(687,713)				(16,424,389)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(47,975,514)	(3,056,727)	-	206,046	_	(50,826,195)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	62,842,478	 (1,676,227)	-	(100,194)	_	61,066,057
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	71,562,614	\$ (894,371)	\$	(885,805)	\$_	69,782,438

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	63,964
Public safety		90,565
Public works and environment		779,953
Recreation and social services		96,074
Education		2,026,171
	_	
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 3	3,056,727

#### **Construction Commitments**

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2017. At year end the Town's commitments with contractors are as follows:

			Expenditures and		Unexpended
	_	Appropriation	Encumbrances	_	Balance
Streetscape Improvements	\$	510,000	\$ 22,500	\$	487,500

The commitments are being financed through General Fund appropriations, State and Federal grants, and the issuance of general obligation bonds.

#### 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

During the course of operations, transactions are processed through a fund on behalf of another fund. Additionally, revenues received in one fund are transferred to another fund. A summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2017 is presented below:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Fund	\$	608,388 1,078,020
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Fund	General Fund General Fund General Fund		3,995,574 1,656,799
Total		\$ <u></u>	7,338,781

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the timing between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers:

	_	General	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Transfers Out
General Fund Capital Projects Nonmajor Governmental	\$	\$ 80,000	1,404,652 \$	123,463 \$	1,528,115 80,000
Funds	_	50,199	355,000		405,199
Total Transfers In	\$_	130,199 \$	1,759,652	123,463 \$	2,013,314

Transfers are used to move General Fund revenues to finance various capital projects in accordance with budgetary authorizations, as well as to transfer amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs.

#### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

## **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance		Additions	 Reductions		Ending Balance	_	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Bonds payable:									
General obligation bonds	\$	20,940,000	\$		\$ 2,815,000	\$	18,125,000	\$	2,820,000
Issuance premium on bonds		773,447	_		 48,021		725,426	_	48,021
Total bonds payable		21,713,447		-	2,863,021		18,850,426		2,868,021
Capital leases		1,826,095		975,731	864,432		1,937,394		739,030
Claims and judgments				89,900	29,966		59,934		29,966
Compensated absences		964,311		469,879	444,311		989,879		446,617
Net OPEB obligation		496,744			137,361		359,383		
Net pension liability	_	3,981,170	_		 785,704	-	3,195,466	-	
Total Governmental Activities									
Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	28,981,767	\$_	1,535,510	\$ 5,124,795	\$_	25,392,482	\$_	4,083,634

For the governmental activities, compensated absences and net pension liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Other post employment benefit obligation is liquidated by the OPEB Trust Fund.

## **General Obligation Bonds**

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Town. General obligation bonds currently outstanding, their purpose and interest rate are as follows:

Description		
\$9,750,000 - General obligation refunding bonds issued March 24, 2005 and maturing		
on February 1, 2020; interest rate 3.9%	\$	3,085,000
\$10,000,000 - General obligation bonds issued February 15, 2006 and maturing on February 15, 2026; interest rate from 3.8% to 5.0%		4,880,000
\$7,800,000 - General obligation bonds issued August 15, 2006 and maturing August 15, 2020; interest rate from 4.0% to 5.0%		2,400,000
\$8,700,000 - General obligation bonds issued February 13, 2013 and maturing February 1, 2033; interest rate from 2.0% to 4.0%	-	7,760,000
Total Bond Indebtedness	\$	18,125,000

The following is a schedule of future debt service requirements as of June 30, 2017:

Fiscal Year Ending				
June 30,	_	Principal	Interest	Total
0040	Φ.	0.000.000.0	744 540 Ф	0.504.540
2018	\$	2,820,000 \$	714,540 \$	3,534,540
2019		2,825,000	600,895	3,425,895
2020		2,285,000	482,355	2,767,355
2021		1,645,000	384,875	2,029,875
2022		1,040,000	327,625	1,367,625
2023-2027		4,660,000	980,625	5,640,625
2028-2032		2,380,000	306,475	2,686,475
2033	_	470,000	15,275	485,275
	_			
Total	\$_	18,125,000 \$	3,812,665 \$	21,937,665
	-			

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	Debt Limit	_	Net Indebtedness	 Balance
General purpose Schools Sewers	\$ 81,321,705 162,643,410 135,536,175	\$	5,535,000 14,129,277	\$ 75,786,705 148,514,133 135,536,175
Urban renewal Pension deficit	117,464,685 108,428,940			117,464,685 108,428,940

The definition of indebtedness includes bonds outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which debt is issued and outstanding. The Town has \$1,539,277 of authorized and unissued bonds at June 30, 2017.

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$253,000,860).

#### 8. LEASES

## **Capital Leases**

The Town leases various vehicles, equipment and technology under capital lease arrangements. These leases vary in duration through June 21, 2022 and interest rates from 2.2% to 2.92%.

The Town has entered into capital lease agreements for the purchase of several vehicles and technology equipment.

		Amount
Assets:		_
Vehicles and equipment	\$	4,283,254
Less accumulated depreciation		1,523,682
Total	\$_	2,759,572

A summary of future minimum lease payments required by the lease agreements together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Amount
2018	\$	785,806
2019		567,651
2020		361,189
2021		231,856
2022		91,059
Total		2,037,561
Less amount representing interest		100,167
Total	\$_	1,937,394

## 9. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

		General Fund	Capital Projects Fund		Small Cities Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Fund balances:	-			•		•		•	
Nonspendable:									
Trust purposes	\$		\$	\$		\$	17,414	\$	17,414
Restricted for:									
Debt service							176,148		176,148
Grants					34,143		1,445,386		1,479,529
Committed to:									
Revaluation		51,064							51,064
Capital projects			85,438						85,438
Capital equipment			434,986						434,986
Bridge program			48,535						48,535
Various capital improvements			267,645						267,645
Capital and nonrecurring expenditures			241,416						241,416
General government							271,208		271,208
Public safety							40,934		40,934
Public works							1,240,725		1,240,725
Culture and recreation							605,551		605,551
Education							222,705		222,705
Assigned to:									
Subsequent year's budget		1,050,000							1,050,000
General government - encumbrances		59,651							59,651
Public safety - encumbrances		36,007							36,007
Public works - encumbrances		61,154							61,154
Culture and recreation - encumbrances		12,444							12,444
Education - encumbrances		50,704							50,704
Unassigned	-	3,490,747		-			(41,668)	-	3,449,079
Total Fund Balances	\$	4,811,771	\$ 1,078,020	\$	34,143	\$	3,978,403	\$	9,902,337

Encumbrances of \$219,960 are included in the general fund assigned category. Encumbrances of \$148,008 are included in the committed fund balance category for the capital projects fund.

#### 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss including torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but has chosen to retain the risks for employee insurance coverage. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year for the categories risk insured commercially. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town retains the risk associated with employee health insurance (medical claims plus prescription drugs) up to a maximum of \$125,000 per individual claim with an aggregate stop loss estimated at \$3,100,000. As of June 30, 2017, the Town has established a liability of \$418,393 to cover health insurance claims incurred but unreported. This claim liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability claim be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the claims liability were as follows:

	Liability July 1,	_	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Liability June 30,
2015-2016 2016-2017	\$ 338,350 419,321	\$	5,883,376 6,019,965	\$ 5,802,405 6,020,893	\$ 419,321 418,393

#### 11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Town is a defendant in a number of lawsuits. It is the opinion of management that such pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result in a judgment or judgments against the Town that would materially affect its financial position.

#### 12. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

#### A. Pension Trust Fund

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its employees. The PERS is considered to be a part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a Pension Trust Fund. The Plan does not issue a separate stand-alone financial report.

Management of the Plan rests with the Pension Committee, which consists of four members. The four members are the First Selectman, Board of Education Chairman, Town Manager and an individual appointed by the Board of Selectmen. The Pension Committee delegates the power to administer the Plan to the Town Manager.

## Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Town provides retirement benefits through a single-employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. All employees of the Town hired prior to age 25 may elect to participate on their date of hire. Bargaining unit employees hired on or after October 1, 2000 may elect to participate after one year of continuous service. Under the plan, for regular certified officers of the police department, the retirement benefit is calculated at 2.5% of the average of the annual salaries, including overtime of the 5 calendar years with the highest average multiplied by up to 20 years of service plus 1.5% of the average of the annual salaries, including overtime, of the 5 calendar years with the highest average multiplied by in excess of 20 years maximum 10 years of service. For nonunion members other than regular certified officers of the police department, the retirement benefit is calculated at 2% of the average of the annual salaries of the last five years immediately prior to retirement multiplied by years of service. Effective June 1, 2000, for bargaining unit members the retirement benefit is calculated at 2% of the average of the annual salaries of any five years period producing the highest average prior to retirement multiplied by years of service. Participants are 100% vested after five years of service. If an employee leaves

covered employment before five years of service, accumulated employee contributions and related investment earnings are refunded. Benefits and contributions are established by Town ordinance and may be amended. The major features of the plan are as follows:

## **Normal Retirement Age**

Age 62 with 35 years of continuous service (effective July 1, 1994, age 62 and 25 years for a certified police officer), rule of 80 (age plus years of service) or age 65 regardless of service.

#### **Credited Service**

All service from date of participation in the plan until Normal Retirement Date, including all full months of Continuous Service.

## **Early Retirement**

May be elected with the consent of the Board of Selectmen or Education upon completion of at least 15 years of Continuous Service and age 55.

#### Late Retirement

With consent of Boards of Selectmen/Education. Benefit accrues until actual Retirement Date.

#### **Disability Retirement**

Available on total and permanent disability after 15 years of continuous service and age 50. Benefit is the same as for early retirement.

#### Death

Before retirement, refund of Participant's contributions plus interest. After retirement, refund of excess, if any, of Participant's accumulated contributions as of his or her retirement date over total of benefits paid.

At July 1, 2016, PERS membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	50
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	12
Active employees	55
Total	117

At July 1, 2016, there was 16 years remaining in the amortization period.

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The PERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefit payments and refunds are payable when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the PERS.

#### **Method Used to Value Investments**

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchange of investments are recognized on the transaction date. There are no investments in any organization, other than U.S. Government notes and bonds that represent 5% or more of net position available for benefits.

## **Funding Status and Progress**

Certified police officers are required to contribute 6.0% of their salary, including overtime, educational incentive pay and longevity pay to the PERS. All other members contribute 5.0% of their gross salary, including overtime and any other form of additional compensation. The Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance coverage. Benefits and employee contributions may be amended by the Board of Selectmen through ordinance. Administrative costs are financed by the plan.

#### Investments

## **Investment Policy**

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is carried out by the Plan Administrator through advice from an investment advisor. The Plan Administrator meets with the investment advisor on a regular basis in order to review an investment strategy to reduce risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2017:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Core Fixed Income	26 %
U.S. Equities	49
Developed Foreign Equities	25
Total	

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 14.69%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	19,880,728 16,685,262
Net Pension Liability	\$	3,195,466
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	е	83.93%

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability, measured at June 30, 2017, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.5%
Investment rate of return	7.25%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Tables for Employees and Healthy Annuitants, Male and Female, with generational projection of future mortality improvements per Scale AA.

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Core Fixed Income	2.52 %
U.S. Equities	3.81
Developed Foreign Equities	4.20

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension.

## **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

Employees	rensio	Pension Plan Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)			
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$	18,869,539 \$	14,888,369 \$	3,981,170			
Adjustment to the FYE 2016 Balance							
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		405,744		405,744			
Interest on total pension liability		1,383,802		1,383,802			
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		27,407		27,407			
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		236,519		236,519			
Benefit payments		(1,042,283)	(1,042,283)	-			
Employer contributions			487,591	(487,591)			
Member contributions			161,662	(161,662)			
Net investment income			2,189,923	(2,189,923)			
Net changes		1,011,189	1,796,893	(785,704)			
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$	19,880,728 \$	16,685,262 \$	3,195,466			

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (6.25%)	 Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	 1% Increase (8.25%)	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	5,081,893	\$ 3,195,466	\$ 1,242,072	

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$880,392. At June 30, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Assumption changes or inputs Net difference between projected and	\$	80,530 279,888	\$ 47,934
actual earning on pension plan investments	-	335,508	
Total	\$_	695,926	\$ 47,934

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

## Year Ending June 30,

2018	\$ 336,010
2019	336,008
2020	148,013
2021	(172,039)

#### **B.** Teachers Retirement

## **Plan Description**

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ct.gov">www.ct.gov</a>.

#### **Benefit Provisions**

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

## **Normal Retirement**

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

#### **Early Retirement**

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

#### **Disability Retirement**

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

#### **Contributions**

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

#### **Employees**

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town 50,149,997

Total \$ 50,149,997

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2017, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$5,469,037 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increase 3.25-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-20 14 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increases (5% for females and 8% for males) to rates over age 80 for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries as well as for active members. The RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2017 with Scale BB is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities	21.0%	5.8%
Developed non-U.S. equities	18.0%	6.6%
Emerging markets (non-U.S.)	9.0%	8.3%
Real estate	7.0%	5.1%
Private equity	11.0%	7.6%
Alternative investments	8.0%	4.1%
Core fixed income	7.0%	1.3%
High yield bonds	5.0%	3.9%
Emerging market bond	5.0%	3.7%
Inflation linked bond fund	3.0%	1.0%
Cash	6.0%	0.4%
Total	100.0%	

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

## **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

#### Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

#### 13. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

## A. Plan Description

The Town and Board of Education provide postretirement health care benefits, in accordance with various labor and personnel contracts, to employees meeting specific service and age requirements. The postretirement health care benefits program is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial report as the Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The postretirement health care plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Town. The Town does not issue stand-alone financial statements for this program.

Management of the program for Other Post Employment Benefits rests with the Employee Health Benefits Fund Advisory Committee, which consists of five members. The five members are the First Selectman, Board of Education Chairman, Town Manager, Supt. of Schools, and a town resident appointed by the Board of Selectmen. The Employee Health Benefits Fund Advisory Committee delegates the power to administer the program to the Town Manager.

At July 1, 2015, plan membership consisted of the following:

Active plan members	298
Retired members	45
Total Participants	343

### **B.** Funding Policy

The Town's funding and payment of post-employment benefits for the year ended June 30, 2017 are accounted for in the Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees.

## C. Investments

#### **Investment Policy**

The Other Post Employment Benefits program policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is carried out by the Town Manager through advice from an investment advisor. The Town Manager meets with the investment advisor in order to review an investment strategy to reduce risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a selection of distinct asset classes. The program refrains from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the administrator's asset allocation as of June 30, 2017

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>
U.S. Core Fixed Income	50%
U.S. Large Caps	50%

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 10.01%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested

## D. Net OPEB Liability of the Town

During the year, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans (OPEB). This Statement requires the net OPEB liability to be measured as the total OPEB liability, less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 7,140,849
Plan fiduciary net position	1,735,204
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 5,405,645
Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of the total OPEB liability	24.30%

The Town's net OPEB liability will be required to be recorded on the government-wide financial statement of net position at June 30, 2018.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Graded salary scale for BOE; 3.5% for others
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation
I loolthoore coat transl rates	F 600/ 4 700/ 000 6F 100 00

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.60% - 4.70% over 65 years

Mortality rates for Teachers and Administrators were based on RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for males and females projected forward 19 years using Scale AA, with a two-year age setback.

Mortality rates for all others were based on RP-2000 Healthy Mortality Table for males and females, and separate tables for active employees and annuitants with generational projection per Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015 valuation were based on industry standard published tables and data, the particular characteristics of the plan, relevant information from the plan sponsor or other sources about future expectations, and the actuary's professional judgment regarding future plan experience. A full actuarial experience study has not been completed.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	•	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Core Fixed Income U.S. Large Caps	50 50	%	2.52 % 3.61
Total	100	%	

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current discount rate:

		1%	Current	1%
	_	Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)	Increase (8.0%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	6,108,540 \$	5,405,645	\$ 4,795,726

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (4.60% decreasing to 3.70%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.60% decreasing to 5.70%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		<b>Healthcare Cost</b>		
	% Decrease 0% Decreasing to 3.70%)	Trend Rates (5.60% Decreasing to 4.70%)	(6.60% I	ncrease Decreasing 5.70%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 4,562,555 \$	5,405,645	\$	6,408,359

#### E. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation:

	_	Retiree Healthcare Plan
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$_	568,962 34,772 (33,506)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	_	570,228 707,589
Change in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year	_	(137,361) 496,744
Net OPEB Obligation at End of Year	\$_	359,383

#### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	L 	Actuarial Accrued .iability(AAL (b)	) _	Funded (Unfunded) AAL (UAAL) (a-b)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	_	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (a-b)/c)
07/01/11	\$ 597,000	\$	5,180,000	\$	(4,583,000)	11.5%	\$	N/A	N/A
07/01/13	1,040,223		5,715,086		(4,674,863)	18.2%		19,763,521	-23.7%
07/01/15	1,385,541		6,288,232		(4,902,691)	22.0%		20,391,068	-24.0%

#### **14. COMBINING TRUST FUNDS**

#### A. Combining Balance Sheet

		Pension Trust		OPEB Trust		
	_	Fund	-	Fund		Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	117,424	\$		\$	117,424
Investments - mutual funds		16,565,053		1,735,204		18,300,257
Accounts receivable	_	2,785	_			2,785
Total assets		16,685,262		1,735,204		18,420,466
	_		_			<u> </u>
Net Position:						
Restricted for Pension Benefits and Other	Φ	16 60E 060	<b>ው</b>	4 725 204	Φ	10 100 166
Post Employment Benefits	\$_	16,685,262	Φ_	1,735,204	\$_	18,420,466

#### B. Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position

		Pension	OPEB		
		Trust	Trust		
	_	Fund	 Fund	_	Total
Additions:					
Contributions					
Employer	\$	487,591	\$ 707,589	\$	1,195,180
Employee		161,662			161,662
Total	-	649,253	 707,589		1,356,842
Investment income:					
Net appreciation					
in fair value of investments		1,926,018	136,681		2,062,699
Interest and dividends	-	306,231	 100.001	_	306,231
Total investment gain		2,232,249	136,681		2,368,930
Less investment expenses:		40.000			40.000
Investment management fees	-	42,326	 400.004		42,326
Net investment income	-	2,189,923	 136,681	_	2,326,604
Total additions	_	2,839,176	 844,270	_	3,683,446
Deductions:					
Benefits	_	1,042,283	 474,546	_	1,516,829
Net Change		1,796,893	369,724		2,166,617
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-	14,888,369	 1,365,480		16,253,849
Net Position at End of Year	\$	16,685,262	\$ 1,735,204	\$ <u>_</u>	18,420,466

Required Supplementary Information

#### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	Budgete	d A	mounts				Variance
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
Property taxes:								
Current year taxes	\$	34,127,531	\$	34,127,531	\$	35,071,547	\$	944,016
Prior year's taxes		230,000		230,000		361,451		131,451
Supplemental motor vehicle	_	238,000		238,000	_	410,850	_	172,850
Total		34,595,531		34,595,531		35,843,848		1,248,317
Interest and lien fees	_	130,000	. –	130,000		224,064		94,064
Total property taxes	_	34,725,531		34,725,531	_	36,067,912	_	1,342,381
Intergovernmental revenues:								
School transportation		37,411		37,411				(37,411)
Reimbursement of local tax disability exemption		1,000		1,000		1,412		412
Elderly tax relief		65,000		65,000		75,068		10,068
Education Equalization Grant		5,561,223		5,561,223		5,526,041		(35,182)
Excess Grant - Special Education		136,265		136,265		283,320		147,055
State owned property		50		50		50		-
Veterans Exempt Grant		3,000		3,000		3,707		707
Telephone Grant		18,000		18,000		20,928		2,928
E911 PSAP Grant		45,000		45,000		46,707		1,707
Tuition other towns		774,922		774,922		716,877		(58,045)
Pequot Indian Fund		24,034		24,034		23,972		(62)
Municipal Revenue Sharing - Sales Tax		352,440		352,440		244,839		(107,601)
Municipal Revenue Sharing - Motor Vehicle		345,234		345,234				(345,234)
Other		40,000		40,000		69,653		29,653
Total intergovernmental revenues	_	7,403,579		7,403,579	_	7,012,574	_	(391,005)
Investment income	_	35,000		35,000	_	77,803	_	42,803
Local revenues:								
Town Clerk fees		200,000		200,000		231,994		31,994
Planning and Zoning		5,000		5,000		9,029		4,029
Zoning Board of Appeals		1,000		1,000		485		(515)
Building permits and licenses		120,000		120,000		175,914		55,914
Inland wetlands		2,000		2,000		2,205		205
Sale of maps and ordinances Driveway permits		100 300		100 300		235 210		135 (90)
Total local revenues	_	328,400	-	328,400	_	420,072	-	91,672
1 Star local revenues	_	520,700	-	020,700	-	720,012	. —	51,072

# TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	Budgete	Amounts	-			Variance Positive	
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual		(Negative)
Other revenues:								
Snow plowing and grading	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	7,133	\$	3,133
Photocopying		1,500		1,500		694		(806)
Rents		14,950		14,950		12,019		(2,931)
Contracted building inspection		10,100		10,100		10,100		-
Police dispatch services		28,600		28,600		28,601		1
Police photos and records		8,000		8,000		12,606		4,606
Library operations		23,206		23,206		16,392		(6,814)
Miscellaneous		30,000		30,000		138,530		108,530
Returned checks fee		350		350		40		(310)
Bulky waste		55,000		55,000		58,521		3,521
Pay for participation		43,465		43,465		27,845		(15,620)
Open farm day		2,500		2,500		2,200		(300)
Holcomb Farm & haying		10,000		10,000		10,700		700
Prior year unliquidated encumbrances	_					70,438		70,438
Total other revenues	_	231,671		231,671		395,819		164,148
Other financing sources:								
Transfers from other funds:								
Solid Waste Fund		50,000		50,000		50,000		_
Capital Projects Fund		,		,		178		178
Cossitt Library		10		10		21		11
Total other financing sources		50,010		50,010	_	50,199		189
Total	\$	42,774,191	\$	42,774,191		44,024,379	\$	1,250,188
	· =	, , -	• ' :	, , , -		, , , , , ,	•	,,
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the			Tea	achers'				
Retirement System for Town teachers are not but	laet	ed				5,469,037		
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances is recognize	_		eve	enue		(70,438)		
Revaluation Fund Revenues not budgeted		ao baagotai y i	010	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	343	_	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Re	por	ted on the Stat	em	ent of				
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Ba	-							
Exhibit IV	ıarı	20 - COVERNING	01110	ai i ulius -	æ	40 503 334		
EXHIDIL IV					\$_	49,503,321	=	

TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budgete	d An	nounts				Variance
	_ 0	riginal	_	Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
General government:								
General administration	\$	389,935	\$	397,955	\$	395,700	\$	2,255
Legal fees		24,000		54,000		51,081		2,919
Fringe benefits	2	,027,858		2,027,858		1,993,160		34,698
Town Clerk operations		150,834		151,882		151,750		132
Probate		3,200		3,200		2,925		275
Contingency		134,500		67,183		61,989		5,194
Election services		41,018		41,018		36,818		4,200
Boards and commissions		68,128		68,128		65,754		2,374
Revenue collections		119,937		121,485		120,628		857
Property assessments		190,955		193,922		192,917		1,005
Fiscal management		324,549		330,214		328,908		1,306
Insurance		327,610		317,610		314,446		3,164
Economic development								-
Total general government	3	,802,524	_	3,774,455		3,716,076	_	58,379
Public safety:								
Building inspection		148,917		151,408		149,780		1,628
Fire prevention		301,975		301,975		295,019		6,956
Emergency management		800		800		30		770
Health services		127,966		127,966		127,965		1
Police department administration		328,551		334,174		329,326		4,848
Police operations and services	1	,686,391		1,659,847		1,656,872		2,975
Total public safety	2	,594,600	_	2,576,170	_	2,558,992	_	17,178
Public works and environment:								
Public Works administration		176,189		177,968		177,717		251
General maintenance	1	,309,408		1,323,682		1,311,989		11,693
Solid waste and recycling		862,490		862,490		841,540		20,950
Planning and engineering services		35,000		35,000		32,496		2,504
Building maintenance and Town grounds		640,410		655,774		647,865		7,909
Total public works and environment	3	,023,497	_	3,054,914	_	3,011,607	_	43,307
Recreation and social services:								
Library		522,961		528,044		524,969		3,075
Social services		207,194		209,216		193,168		16,048

#### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	Budgete	ed A	Amounts	•			Variance
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
Recreation and social services (cont.):								
Recreation administration	\$	92,892	\$	99,558	\$	98,575	\$	983
Community support	•	3,100	•	3,100	*	2,500	*	600
Total recreation and social services	_	826,147		839,918	_	819,212	_	20,706
Debt service	_	3,652,991		3,652,991	. <u> </u>	3,644,006	_	8,985
Education	_	28,432,636		28,432,636	_	28,105,308	_	327,328
Total budgeted expenditures	_	42,332,395		42,331,084	. <u> </u>	41,855,201	_	475,883
Other financing uses:								
Transfers out:								
Capital equipment		1,150,000		1,150,000		1,150,000		-
Transfer to CNR Fund		178,000		218,000		218,000		-
Senior activity		28,641		58,593		58,593		-
Emergency management		6,000		6,000		6,000		-
Dog fund		8,000		8,000		8,000		-
Youth service fund	_	71,155		71,155	_	71,155	_	-
Total other financing uses	_	1,441,796		1,511,748	_	1,511,748	_	<u>-</u>
Total Budgeted Operations	\$_	43,774,191	\$	43,842,832	:	43,366,949	\$_	475,883
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP exp	enditu	res because:						
State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the Con			hers	s'				
Retirement System for Town teachers are not budg	geted					5,469,037		
Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ord		ut not receive	d a	re				
reported in the year the order is placed for budgeta								
received for financial reporting purposes	, , ,	•		,		(219,960)		
Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ord	lered ir	the previous	ve	ar that		(=:0,000)		
were received and liquidated in the current year, ar			-	ar, triat				
statement reporting purposes	Стеро	itod for illiand	Jiai			591,573		
Revaluation Fund expenditures not budgeted						36,820		
Town payroll accrual not budgeted						129,065		
Town payron accidal not budgeted						129,005	-	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Rep	oorted	on the Statem	nent	of				
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Bala	ances -	Government	al F	unds -				
Exhibit IV					\$_	49,373,484	_	

### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PENSION TRUST FUND LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS \*

	_	2017		2016	_	2015		2014
Total pension liability:								
Service cost	\$	405,744	\$	434,343	\$	404,587	\$	330,806
Interest		1,383,802		1,331,406		1,278,028		1,213,513
Differences between expected and actual experience		27,407		(76,130)		124,206		128,096
Changes of assumptions		236,519		147,140				
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,042,283)		(1,011,654)		(862,760)		(827,874)
Net change in total pension liability	_	1,011,189		825,105		944,061	_	844,541
Total pension liability - beginning		18,869,539		18,044,434		17,100,373		16,255,832
Total pension liability - ending		19,880,728		18,869,539		18,044,434		17,100,373
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	487,591 161,662 2,189,923 (1,042,283) 1,796,893 14,888,369 16,685,262		470,130 173,639 (296,148) (1,011,654) (664,033) 15,552,402 14,888,369	_	456,702 167,897 246,040 (862,760) 7,879 15,544,523 15,552,402		448,025 156,889 2,506,894 (827,874) (1,966) 2,281,968 13,262,555 15,544,523
, ,	-		-		-		-	10,044,020
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	3,195,466	\$	3,981,170	\$_	2,492,032	\$_	1,555,850
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		83.93%		78.90%		86.19%		90.90%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,086,754	\$	3,913,965	\$	3,311,245	\$	3,409,422
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		78.19%		101.72%		75.26%		45.63%

<sup>\*</sup>Note: This schedule is intended to be for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

#### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarial determined contribution	\$	487,591 \$ 487,591	470,130 \$ 470,130	456,702 456,702	\$ 448,025 448,025	\$ 361,909 361,909	\$ 359,226 359,226	\$ 286,664 286,664	\$ 275,958 275,958	\$ 291,266 \$ 291,266	299,515 299,515
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$\$	<u> </u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,086,754 \$	3,913,965 \$	3,311,245	\$ 3,409,422	\$ 3,637,892	\$ 3,402,929	\$ 3,735,252	\$ 3,619,257	\$ 3,680,749 \$	3,593,267
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.93%	12.01%	13.79%	13.14%	9.95%	10.56%	7.67%	7.62%	7.91%	8.34%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Valuation Date: July 1, 2016 Measurement Date: June 30, 2017

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level percentage of salary - closed

Remaining amortization period 16 years
Asset valuation method Market value
Inflation 2.75%
Salary increases 3.50%
Investment rate of return 7.25%

Retirement age Age related rates

Mortality RP-2000 Mortality Tables for Employees and Healthy Annuitants,

Male and Female, with generational projection of future mortality

improvements per Scale AA.

#### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS PENSION TRUST FUND LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS \*

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	14.69%	(1.9%)	1.57%	18.78%

\*Note: This schedule is intended to be for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2017	_	2016	-	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	-	50,149,997	_	38,644,363	-	35,718,969
Total	\$_	50,149,997	\$_	38,644,363	\$	35,718,969
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	996,600	\$	1,000,967	\$	983,322
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.26%		59.50%		61.51%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Changes in benefit terms None

Changes of assumptions During 2016, rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality and assumed rates of salary

increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year

period ended June 30, 2015.

During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to

reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the

Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.

Amortization method Level percent of salary, closed

Remaining amortization period 20.4 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Investment rate of return 8.50%, net of investment related expense

\*Note: This schedule is intended to be for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OPEB PLAN LAST FISCAL YEAR\*

(In Thousands)

		2017
Total OPEB liability:		
Service cost	\$	236,276
Interest		482,944
Benefit payments		(474,546)
Net change in total OPEB liability	•	244,674
Total OPEB liability - beginning		6,896,175
Total OPEB liability - ending	-	7,140,849
, ,	-	,
Plan fiduciary net position:		
Contributions - employer		707,589
Net investment income		136,681
Benefit payments		(474,546)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	•	369,724
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,365,480
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	-	1,735,204
rian nadolary het position - chaing	-	1,700,204
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	5,405,645
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		24.30%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	20,391,068
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		26.51%

<sup>\*</sup>Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS **OPEB PLAN** LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS\* (In Thousands)

	_	2017	2016	2015	2014	 2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Actuarially determined contribution (1)	\$	568,962 \$	551,457 \$	526,242 \$	524,000	\$ 500,000 \$	686,000 \$	651,000 \$	688,000 \$	973,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	707,589	412,830	661,242	389,000	 780,000	406,000	893,000	604,000	497,000
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	(138,627) \$	138,627 \$	(135,000) \$	135,000	\$ (280,000) \$	280,000 \$	(242,000) \$	84,000 \$	476,000
Covered-employee payroll	\$	20,391,068 \$	19,763,521 \$	19,763,521 \$	N/A	\$ N/A \$	N/A \$	N/A \$	N/A \$	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		3.47%	2.09%	3.35%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(1) Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method **Entry Age Normal** 

Level percentage of payroll, closed Amortization method

Amortization period 22 years Asset valuation method Market Value Inflation 2.75%

5.60% - 4.70% over 65 years Healthcare cost trend rates

Salary increases Graded salary scale for BOE; 3.5% for others

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation Varies based on age, eligibility for pension benefits, and gender Retirement age Teachers and Administrators: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality

> Mortality Table for males and females projected forward 19 years using Scale AA, with a two-year age setback. All Others: RP-2000 Healthy Mortality Table for males and females, and separate tables for active employees and annuitants with generational projection per Scale AA.

<sup>\*</sup>Note: This schedule is intended to be for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

#### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OPEB PLAN LAST FISCAL YEAR\*

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense

\*Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

## Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

**General Fund** 

#### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund budget is legally adopted at the Annual Town Meeting. The General Fund utilizes the modified accrual basis of accounting.

There are also funds that do not meet the definition of a special revenue fund in accordance with GASB No. 54, which are combined with the General Fund.

**Revaluation Fund -** To accumulate resources for future mandated assessment valuations.

	_	2017	_	2016
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,233,361	\$	6,490,078
Investments		6,102,254		6,071,984
Property taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$48,480 in 2015 and 2014		480,036		541,115
Interest receivable		114,733		151,904
Other receivables		486,388		1,025,894
Due from other funds	_	608,388	_	88,840
Total Assets	\$_	13,025,160	\$_	14,369,815
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BA	ALANC	E		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	927,759	\$	675,243
Due to other funds	_	6,730,393	_	8,332,656
Total liabilities	_	7,658,152	_	9,007,899
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		521,558		627,401
Advance tax collections  Total deferred inflows of resources	_	33,679 555,237	_	52,581
rotal deferred inflows of resources	_	555,237	_	679,982
Fund equity:				
Fund balance: Committed		51,064		7,541
Assigned for:		51,004		7,541
Subsequent year's budget		1,050,000		1,000,000
Encumbrances		219,960		662,011
Unassigned	_	3,490,747	_	3,012,382
Total fund balance	_	4,811,771	_	4,681,934
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$_	13,025,160	\$_	14,369,815

	_	General		Revaluation Fund	_	Eliminations	_	Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,233,361	\$		\$		\$	5,233,361
Investments		6,102,254						6,102,254
Property taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		400.026						490.026
of \$48,480 in 2017 and 2016 Interest receivable		480,036 114,733						480,036 114,733
Other receivables		486,388						486,388
Due from other funds		608,388		51,064		(51,064)		608,388
Bus nom other range	_	000,000	_	01,001	-	(01,001)	-	000,000
Total Assets	\$_	13,025,160	\$_	51,064	\$_	(51,064)	\$_	13,025,160
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND	BALA	ANCE						
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	927,759	\$		\$		\$	927,759
Due to other funds	_	6,781,457			_	(51,064)	_	6,730,393
Total liabilities	_	7,709,216	-	-	-	(51,064)	_	7,658,152
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		521,558						521,558
Advance tax collections	_	33,679	_		_		_	33,679
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	555,237	_	-	-	-	-	555,237
Fund Equity:								
Fund balance:								
Committed				51,064				51,064
Assigned for:		4 050 000						4 050 000
Subsequent year's budget Encumbrances		1,050,000 219,960						1,050,000 219,960
Unassigned		3,490,747						3,490,747
Total fund balance	_	4,760,707	· –	51,064	_	-	-	4,811,771
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$_	13,025,160	\$_	51,064	\$_	(51,064)	\$_	13,025,160

#### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	General	_	Revaluation Fund		Total
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	36,067,912	\$		\$ ;	36,067,912
Intergovernmental		12,481,611				12,481,611
Licenses, fees and charges for services		420,072				420,072
Investment income		77,803		343		78,146
Other revenues		325,381				325,381
Total revenues		49,372,779	-	343		49,373,122
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		3,712,508		36,820		3,749,328
Public safety		2,587,087				2,587,087
Public works and environmental		3,106,240				3,106,240
Recreation and social services		832,031				832,031
Education		33,926,677				33,926,677
Debt service		3,644,006	_			3,644,006
Total expenditures	_	47,808,549	-	36,820		47,845,369
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	_	1,564,230	-	(36,477)		1,527,753
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		50,199		80,000		130,199
Transfers out		(1,528,115)				(1,528,115)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,477,916)	-	80,000		(1,397,916)
Net Change in Fund Balances		86,314		43,523		129,837
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	4,674,393	-	7,541		4,681,934
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	4,760,707	\$_	51,064	\$ i	4,811,771

TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			Uncollected	_	Lawful Cor	rect	ions	Transfers		Adjusted			Uncollected
Grand List	_	Current Levy	Taxes July 1, 2016	_	Additions	1	Deductions	 To Suspense		Taxes Collectible	 Collections	Refunds	 Taxes June 30, 2017
2015	\$	35,878,035	5	\$	78,470	\$	151,658	\$	\$	35,804,847	\$ 35,496,115 \$	20,712	\$ 329,444
2014			322,354		1,258		5,399	4,755		313,458	206,596	3,396	110,258
2013			125,954				451	4,703		120,800	71,875	545	49,470
2012			71,745				78	8,169		63,498	42,643	78	20,933
2011			39,499				68	5,113		34,318	22,224	237	12,331
2010			15,018				68	1,185		13,765	7,753	68	6,080
2009			5,875					1,157		4,718	4,718		-
2008			3,683					638		3,045	3,045		-
2007			3,436					291		3,145	3,145		-
2006			2,031							2,031	2,031		-
Total	\$_	35,878,035	589,595	\$	79,728	\$_	157,722	\$ 26,011	\$	36,363,625	35,860,145 \$	25,036	\$ 528,516

Interest, liens, fees and suspension collections
Total collections

Property taxes receivable considered available:
June 30, 2016
June 30, 2017

Total Property Tax Revenue

\$ 36,067,912

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Special Revenue Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting.

	Funding Source	Function
Dog	License fees and State grants	Animal population control
Town Aid Road	State and Federal grant	Construction and maintenance of roads
Senior Activity	User fees grants and donations	Fund various senior activities
LOCIP	State grant	Capital Improvement Fund
Solid Waste Sanitation	Licenses, fees and investment	Operation of Town's solid waste
	income	disposal program
Sidewalk and Beautification	Donations and investment	Improve sidewalks and other Town
Improvement	income	property
Local Assistance	Donations	Provide support for low income
		individuals
Open Space	Sale of land and investment	Preserve undeveloped land
	income	
Police Community Education	Donations	Public safety education
Public Schools	Various funding sources	Various educational support programs
Police Forfeited Property	Assets seized by police in drug	Police enforcement
	enforcement activities	
Youth Services Grant	State grant	Youth and community activities
Cafeteria	Federal, State and local	School lunch programs
Ambulance Association	Fees	Administer salaries and benefits for
		ambulance employees
Federal and State Educational Grants	State and Federal grants	Education programs
Sewer Utility	User fees	Operation of sewer system
Communications	Fees from cell phone	Maintenance of cell towers
Dalias Creats	companies	Maniana naliaa anna antana ana ana
Police Grants	State and Federal grants	Various police support programs
Education Quality and Diversity  Board of Education Severance	State and Federal grants Contributions	Educational support programs
Board of Education Severance	Contributions	Account for severance payments to
Contractor Dovment	Licenses food and charges	retired board employees
Contractor Payment	Licenses, fees and charges	Account for police and engineering contract fees
Granby Public Library	State grants and contributions	Support of Town library
Parks and Recreation	Licenses, fees and charges	Administration of recreational services
Dog Park	Donations	Construct and maintain Town dog parks
Historic Documents	State grant	Preservation of Town's records
Energy Fund	Block grant	Administration of energy services and
Life 19 1 and	Blook grain	initiatives
Agricultural	Various funding sources	Promote local agriculture activity
Emergency Management	Local, State and Federal grants	Manage and coordinate large scale
		emergency operations

Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for debt payments.

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Universal Cemetery	Investment income	Maintain Town's cemeteries
Cossitt Library	Investment income	Maintain Cossitt Library

TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	_								Special Rev	enı	ie Funds					
ASSETS	-	Dog		Town Aid Road	 Senior Activity	. <u>-</u>	LOCIP	-	Solid Waste Sanitation		Sidewalk and Beautification Improvement	 Local Assistance	. <u>-</u>	Open Space	_	Police Community Education
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Due from other funds Receivables	\$	8,288	\$	220,317	\$ 134,280	\$		\$	283,523	\$	98,578	\$ 25,049	\$	43,706	\$	22,874
Total Assets	\$	8,288	\$	220,317	\$ 134,280	\$		\$_	283,523	\$	98,578	\$ 25,049	\$	43,706	\$	22,874
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	5,151 5,151	\$	-	\$ 2,431	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ -	\$		\$	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	-	3,137	 	220,317	 131,849			-	283,523 283,523		98,578 98,578	 25,049 25,049		43,706 43,706	_	22,874
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	8,288	\$_	220,317	\$ 134,280	\$		\$_	283,523	\$	98,578	\$ 25,049	\$	43,706	\$_	22,874

TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	_						Specia	al Revenue Fun	ds					
ASSETS	_	Public Schools	. <u>-</u>	Police Forfeited Property	 Youth Services Grant	· <del>-</del>	Cafeteria	Ambulance Association		Federal and State Educational Grants	. <u>-</u>	Sewer Utility	-	Communications
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Due from other funds Receivables	\$	294,424 9,298	\$	140	\$ 225,588	\$	121,892 \$ 22,154 13,518 14,940		\$	546,311 17,343	\$	816,785	\$	172,630
Total Assets	\$_	303,722	\$	140	\$ 225,588	\$	172,504 \$	-	\$_	563,654	\$	816,785	\$	172,630
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	255,807 255,807	\$	-	\$ 1,042	\$	123,375 \$ 15,079 138,454	39,762 39,762	\$	561,527 561,527	\$		\$	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	<del>-</del>	47,915 47,915	· -	140 140	 224,546	· <del>-</del>	34,050	(39,762) (39,762)	· _	2,127	. <u>.</u>	816,785 816,785	-	172,630 172,630
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	303,722	\$	140	\$ 225,588	\$	172,504 \$		\$	563,654	\$	816,785	\$	172,630

TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	_						Speci	al I	Revenue F	un	ds				
ASSETS	_	Police Grants	 Education Quality and Diversity	. <u>-</u>	Board of Education Severance	_	Contractor Payment	-	Granby Public Library	_	Parks and Recreation	 Dog Park	 Historic Documents	. <u>-</u>	Energy Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Due from other funds Receivables	\$	6,952	\$ 963,202	\$	140,740	\$ -	105,615	\$	7,811	\$	470,709	\$ 14,783	\$ 26,924	\$	
Total Assets	\$_	6,952	\$ 963,202	\$	140,740	\$_	105,615	\$	7,811	\$_	470,709	\$ 14,783	\$ 26,924	\$_	_
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	-	\$ 6,493 6,493	\$	-	\$	8,904 8,904	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	22,056 22,056	\$ -	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u> _
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	-	6,952 6,952	 956,709 956,709	· -	140,740 140,740	-	96,711 96,711	-	7,811 7,811	_	448,653 448,653	 14,783	 26,924	_	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	6,952	\$ 963,202	\$	140,740	\$_	105,615	\$	7,811	\$_	470,709	\$ 14,783	\$ 26,924	\$	

#### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		Special Revenue Funds				_	F	erm	anent Fun	ds			
ASSETS	Agricult		mergency anagement	Total	Debt Service		Universal Cemetery		Cossitt Library	Total	Interfund Eliminations		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Due from other funds Receivables	\$	\$	\$ 5,661	962,627 39,497 3,802,012 29,899	176,148	\$	13,191	\$	4,223	\$ - - 17,414 	\$	\$	962,627 39,497 3,995,574 29,899
Total Assets	\$	\$	5,661 \$	4,834,035	\$ 176,148	\$	13,191	\$_	4,223	\$ 17,414	\$	\$_	5,027,597
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	\$ 	468 \$ 7,099 7,567	425,727 608,388 15,079 1,049,194	\$	\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ - - - -	<u> </u>	\$ 	425,727 608,388 15,079 1,049,194
Fund Balances:  Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances		<u> </u>	(1,906) (1,906)	1,445,386 2,381,123 (41,668) 3,784,841	176,148	. <u>-</u>	13,191 13,191	_	4,223	17,414 - - - 17,414		· <u> </u>	17,414 1,621,534 2,381,123 (41,668) 3,978,403
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	\$	5,661 \$	4,834,035	\$ 176,148	\$	13,191	\$_	4,223	\$ 17,414	\$	\$_	5,027,597

### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

								Special Rev Sidewalk	venue Funds		
		Dog		Town Aid Road	Senior Activity	LOCIP	Solid Waste Sanitation	and		Open Space	Police Community Education
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income Contributions	\$		\$	259,525 \$	12,474	\$ 80,000	\$ 1,635	\$ 494	\$ 23,235	\$ 173	\$
Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services Other		6,938			62,237		13,330			10,960	
Total revenues	_	6,938		259,525	74,711	80,000	14,965	494	23,235	11,133	
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works and environment Recreation and social services		14,432			123,911		5,866		19,231		
Education					•			<u>.                                    </u>			
Total expenditures	_	14,432	-	<del>-</del> -	123,911		5,866	<u> </u>	19,231		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(7,494)		259,525	(49,200)	80,000	9,099	494	4,004	11,133	
Other financing sources (uses): Capital lease issuance		0.000			50 500						
Transfers in Transfers out		8,000		(235,000)	58,593	(80,000)	(50,000)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	8,000		(235,000)	58,593	(80,000)					
Net change in fund balance		506		24,525	9,393	-	(40,901)	494	4,004	11,133	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,631		195,792	122,456		324,424	98,084	21,045	32,573	22,874
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	3,137	\$	220,317 \$	131,849	\$	\$ 283,523	\$ 98,578	\$ 25,049	\$ 43,706	\$ 22,874

### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_						Specia	al Revenue Fu	unds			
	_	Public Schools	Police Forfeited Property	S	Youth Services Grant	_(	Cafeteria	Ambulance Association	E	Federal and State ducational Grants	Sewer Utility	Communications
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income Contributions Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services	\$	56,307	\$ 22	\$	22,031 45,770 4,251	\$	169,898 \$ 421,610	615,000	\$	530,596 \$	235,161	\$ 932 52,870
Other Total revenues	-	56,307	22	_	72,052	_	1,557 593,065	615,000		50,170 580,766	2,063	53,802
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works and environment Recreation and social services Education Total expenditures	-	98,744 98,744	6,001		114,526 114,526	_	583,729 583,729	663,128		530,596 530,596	120,650	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(42,437)	(5,979)		(42,474)	_	9,336	(48,128)	<u> </u>	50,170	116,574	53,802
Other financing sources (uses): Capital lease issuance Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	_ _	62,268		_	71,155	_	13,518			(96,071) (96,071)	-	(40,000) (40,000)
Net change in fund balance		19,831	(5,979)		28,681		22,854	(48,128)	)	(45,901)	116,574	13,802
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	28,084	6,119	_	195,865	_	11,196	8,366		48,028	700,211	158,828
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$_	47,915	\$ 140	\$	224,546	\$	34,050 \$	(39,762)	\$	2,127 \$	816,785	\$172,630

### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

						Sp	ecial Reve	nue Fu	ınds							
		Police Grants	 Education Quality and Diversity	•	Board of Education Severance		ontractor Payment	Р	ranby ublic brary	R	Parks and ecreation		Dog Park		listoric cuments	ergy ind_
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income	\$	-	\$ 668,162	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	4,000	\$ -
Contributions Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services Other			22,500				69,787		3,567		630,617		5,945		1,333	
Total revenues	_	-	 690,662	•		_	69,787		3,567		630,617		5,945	_	5,333	 
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety															4,000	
Public works and environment Recreation and social services Education			1,009,867				87,305		2,568		536,534		3,402			
Total expenditures	_	-	  1,009,867			_	87,305		2,568		536,534		3,402		4,000	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_		 (319,205)			_	(17,518)		999		94,083		2,543		1,333	 
Other financing sources (uses): Capital lease issuance Transfers in Transfers out			211,000													
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	 211,000			_				_	-			_		-
Net change in fund balance		-	(108,205)		-		(17,518)		999		94,083		2,543		1,333	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	6,952	 1,064,914		140,740	_	114,229		6,812		354,570	\$	12,240		25,591	 
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$_	6,952	\$ 956,709	\$	140,740	\$	96,711	\$	7,811	\$	448,653	\$_	14,783	\$	26,924	\$ 

### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Special Revenue Funds				Pe	rmanent Fun		Total	
	<u>Agricul</u>	tural	Emergency Management	Total	Debt Service	Universal Cemetery	Cossitt Library	Total	Interfund Eliminations	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income Contributions Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services Other Total revenues	\$	\$ 	5,661 \$ 	1,739,873 3,256 90,991 2,190,608 66,083 4,090,811	\$ 1,026 39,104 40,130	\$ 67 67	21	\$ - 88 - - - - 88	\$	\$ 1,739,873 4,370 90,991 2,190,608 105,187 4,131,029
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works and environment Recreation and social services Education Total expenditures			15,389	4,000 698,950 213,821 800,172 2,222,936 3,939,879	100,274			- - - - -		4,000 698,950 314,095 800,172 2,222,936 4,040,153
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			(9,728)	150,932	(60,144)	67	21	88		90,876
Other financing sources (uses): Capital lease issuance Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		178) 178)	6,000	211,000 219,534 (501,249) (70,715)		<u>-</u>	(21) (21)	(21) (21)	(96,071) 96,071	211,000 123,463 (405,199) (70,736)
Net change in fund balance	(	178)	(3,728)	80,217	(60,144)	67	-	67		20,140
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		178	1,822	3,704,624	236,292	13,124	4,223	17,347		3,958,263
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	\$	(1,906) \$	3,784,841	\$ 176,148	\$ 13,191 \$	4,223	\$ 17,414	\$	\$3,978,403_

**Fiduciary Funds** 

#### **AGENCY FUNDS**

Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency Funds are as follows:

Student Activity Funds - to account for the collection and payment of expenses for education extra - curricular activities at the high school, middle schools and grammar schools.

Contractor Security Fund - to account for all bonds collected from contractors - these bonds will be returned to payee upon successful completion of related construction projects.

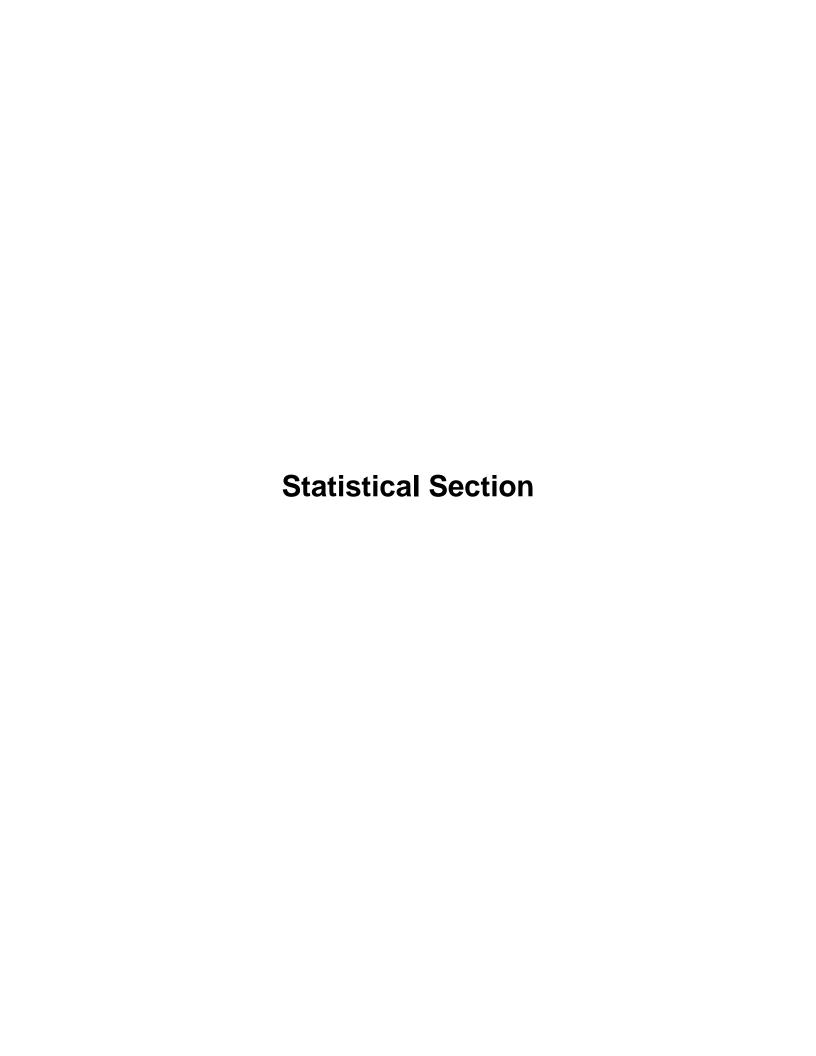
Flexible Spending Fund - to account for the employees' tax savings plan for health and welfare costs.

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	<u>J</u>	Balance uly 1, 2016	Additions	<u>s_</u>	Deductions	_	Balance June 30, 2017
High School Activity Fund							
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	176,470	317,379	<u>9</u> \$	263,304	\$ <u>_</u>	230,545
Liabilities: Due to student groups and others	\$	176,470	317,379	<u>9</u> \$	263,304	\$ <u>_</u>	230,545
Middle School Activity Fund							
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u></u>	58,479	293,739	<u>)</u> \$	294,387	\$_	57,831
Liabilities: Due to student groups and others	\$	58,479	293,739	<u>9</u> \$	294,387	\$ <u>_</u>	57,831
Kelly Lane School Activity Fund							
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,995	B	<u>-</u> \$	9,995	\$_	-
Liabilities: Due to student groups and others	\$	9,995	S	<u> </u> \$	9,995	\$ <u>_</u>	<u>-</u>
Kearns School Activity Fund							
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u></u>	11,600	24,134	<u>1</u> \$	24,885	\$_	10,849
Liabilities: Due to student groups and others	\$	11,600	24,134	<u>1</u> \$	24,885	\$ <u>_</u>	10,849

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	Balance July 1, 2016		Additions	_	Deductions	_	Balance June 30, 2017
Wells Road School Activity Fund								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>_</u>	30,673 \$	§	51,124	\$ <u></u>	51,727	\$	30,070
Liabilities: Due to student groups and others	\$_	30,673 \$	<b>_</b>	51,124	\$ <u>_</u>	51,727	\$	30,070
Contract Security								
Assets: Accounts receivable	\$_	101,921 \$	§_	12,500	\$_	38,291	\$	76,130
Liabilities: Due to contractors	\$_	101,921_\$	§_	12,500	\$ <u>_</u>	38,291	\$	76,130
Flexible Spending								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>_</u>	\$	§_	85,212	\$ <u></u>	58,901	\$	26,311
Liabilities: Due to employees	\$_	\$	\$ <u>_</u>	85,212	\$ <u></u>	58,901	\$	26,311
Total All Funds								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	287,217 \$ 101,921	<b>5</b>	771,588 12,500	\$_	703,199 38,291	\$	355,606 76,130
Total	\$_	389,138 \$	§	784,088	\$_	741,490	\$	431,736
Liabilities: Due to student groups and others Due to contractors Due to employees	\$	287,217 \$ 101,921	<b>.</b>	686,376 12,500 85,212	\$	644,298 38,291 58,901	\$	329,295 76,130 26,311
Total	\$_	389,138 \$	§_	784,088	\$_	741,490	\$	431,736



## **Statistical Section Information**

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT **NET POSITION BY COMPONENT** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	_	FISCAL YEAR													
		2017		2016	_	2015	2014*	_	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	_	2008
Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	49,033 194	\$	48,091 254	\$	47,125 \$ 312	46,045 383	\$	44,113 \$ 446	46,714 \$ 517	47,290 \$ 580	46,214 \$ 791	45,963 1.145	\$	43,701 1,325
Unrestricted	_	7,492		9,500	_	11,021	11,723	_	13,808	9,103	9,159	9,320	10,519	_	11,176
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$_	56,719	\$	57,845	\$_	58,458 \$	58,151	\$_	58,367 \$	56,334 \$	57,029 \$	56,325 \$	57,627	\$_	56,202

### NOTES:

<sup>(1)</sup> Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting

\* Amounts were restated to reflect implementation of GASB Statement No. 68

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	FISCAL YEAR																	
	_	2017	_	2016	2015		2014	_	2013	_	2012	201	1	2010		2009	_	2008
Expenses:																		
General government	\$	5,119	\$	4,330 \$	3,728	\$	3,210	\$	3,264	\$	3,410 \$	2,9	99 \$	2,995	\$	3,180	\$	3,394
Public safety		3,500		3,294	3,161		2,977		2,867		4,479	2,5	91	2,461		2,626		2,498
Public works and environment		4,676		4,327	3,956		4,264		4,156		4,190	4,3	92	4,386		4,578		3,994
Recreation and social services		1,776		1,623	1,494		1,428		1,354		1,347	1,3	25	1,280		1,307		1,368
Education		39,795		37,830	36,600		35,624		34,363		35,371	32,9	01	34,408		31,206		37,638
Interest on long-term debt		814		941	1,046		1,141		1,093		1,157	1,2	74	1,405		1,543		1,662
Total governmental activities expenses	_	55,680		52,345	49,985	_	48,644	_	47,097	_	49,954	45,4	82	46,935		44,440		50,554
Program Revenues:																		
Governmental activities:																		
Charges for services:																		
General government		696		712	606		689		500		525	5	43	553		533		493
Education		813		1,378	1,287		1,332		1,518		2,669	2,1	94	2,257		2,304		2,252
Other		1,911		1,879	1,620		1,543		1,286		1,217	1,2	21	1,079		1,009		1,241
Operating grants and contributions		14,431		11,870	11,732		12,225		12,228		12,712	10,3	74	10,306		9,160		15,983
Capital grants and contributions				328	417				313		5		3	146		420		74
Total governmental activities program revenues	_	17,851		16,167	15,662	_	15,789	_	15,845	_	17,128	14,3	35	14,341		13,426		20,043
Net (expense) revenue:																		
Governmental activities	_	(37,829)	_	(36,178)	(34,323)	_	(32,855)	_	(31,252)	_	(32,826)	(31,1	47)	(32,594	)	(31,014)	_	(30,511)
General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities:																		
Property taxes		35,962		34,988	34,124		33,215		32,699		31,780	31,1	86	30,634		30,643		30,208
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes		486		417	256		805		452		244	3	10	360		872		437
Unrestricted investment earnings		98		90	76		45		42		51	1	30	230		522		804
Other general revenues		157		70	174		38		93		57		25	67		403		157
Total governmental activities	_	36,703		35,565	34,630	_	34,103	_	33,286	_	32,132	31,8	51	31,291		32,440	_	31,606
Changes in net position:																		
Governmental Activities	\$_	(1,126)	\$_	(613) \$	307	\$_	1,248	\$_	2,034	\$_	(694) \$	7	04 \$	(1,303	) \$	1,426	\$_	1,095

#### Notes:

(1) Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting

TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	FISCAL YEAR																	
	_	2017		2016	_	2015	_	2014	_	2013	2012		2011	_	2010	2009		2008
General Fund:																		
Reserved Unreserved	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	\$		\$		\$	347 \$ 4,089	368 5,319	\$	314 5,380
Committed Assigned		51 1,270		8 1,662		8 1,676		16 1,715		16 1,819	11 1,785		5 2,082					
Unassigned	_	3,491	_	3,012	_	2,586		2,871	_	2,227	1,742		2,372	_				
Total General Fund	\$_	4,812	\$_	4,682	\$_	4,270	\$_	4,602	\$_	4,062 \$	3,538	\$_	4,459	\$_	4,436 \$	5,687	\$_	5,694
All other governmental funds:																		
Reserved	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	\$		\$		\$	1,143 \$	1,148	\$	1,340
Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Capital projects funds															2,791 970	3,000 1,430		3,129 1,366
Nonspendable		17		19		19		19		19	19		19			,		,
Restricted		1,656		1,805		1,732		1,808		1,496	1,567		1,288					
Committed		3,459		3,921		4,320		4,752		6,452	2,596		2,848					
Unassigned	_	(42)			_		_	(91)	_	(12)	(294)		(2)	_				
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$_	5,090	\$_	5,745	\$_	6,071	\$_	6,488	\$_	7,955 \$	3,888	\$	4,153	\$_	4,904 \$	5,578	\$_	5,835

### Notes:

- 1. Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting
- 2. Fund balance presentation was changed in Fiscal Year 2011 when GASB Statement No. 54 was implemented

TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	FISCAL YEAR												
		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008		
Revenues:													
Property taxes	\$	36,068 \$	34,955 \$	34,052 \$	33,236 \$	32,684 \$	31,684 \$	31,121 \$	30,667 \$	30,603 \$	30,076		
Intergovernmental		14,817	12,375	12,206	12,948	12,594	13,743	11,714	11,937	11,458	17,400		
Licenses, fees and charges for services		2,611	3,164	3,104	3,011	2,914	3,087	2,684	2,702	2,754	2,895		
Investments income		88	78	66	38	36	43	117	212	488	732		
Other		580	499	754	673	586	815	656	539	913	696		
Total revenues	_	54,164	51,071	50,182	49,906	48,814	49,372	46,292	46,057	46,216	51,799		
Expenditures:													
General government		4,381	3,606	3,573	3,403	3,397	3,400	3,008	3,040	2,969	2,936		
Public safety		3,286	3,131	2,989	2,871	2,660	4,424	2,510	2,397	2,588	2,401		
Public works and environment		3,420	3,169	3,235	3,164	3,056	3,011	3,236	3,447	3,649	3,037		
Recreation and social services		1,632	1,554	1,415	1,352	1,296	1,310	1,255	1,211	1,262	1,302		
Education		36,150	33,997	33,736	33,390	32,309	33,019	31,753	32,309	30,127	36,458		
Capital outlay		3,152	2,578	3,401	3,868	8,385	2,540	1,788	1,940	2,116	2,094		
Debt service:													
Principal		2,815	2,810	2,335	2,335	2,325	2,358	2,828	2,968	2,713	2,083		
Interest		829	946	1,042	1,122	970	1,072	1,199	1,335	1,467	1,761		
Total expenditures		55,665	51,791	51,726	51,505	54,398	51,134	47,577	48,647	46,891	52,072		
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(1,501)	(720)	(1,544)	(1,599)	(5,584)	(1,762)	(1,285)	(2,590)	(675)	(273)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):													
Transfers in		2,013	3,473	2,457	1,925	1,895	1,807	2,206	1,414	1,696	1,475		
Transfers out		(2,013)	(3,473)	(2,457)	(1,925)	(1,895)	(1,807)	(2,206)	(1,414)	(1,696)	(1,475)		
Premium on bond						671							
Proceeds from capital leases		976	807	795	673	804	577	557	664	411	654		
Proceeds from sale of bonds	_					8,700							
Total other financing sources (uses)		976	807	795	673	10,175	577	557	664	411	654		
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(525) \$	87 \$	(749) \$	(926) \$	4,591 \$	(1,185) \$	(728) \$	(1,926) \$	(264) \$	381		
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	_	6.71%	7.42%	6.74%	7.06%	6.91%	6.90%	8.70%	8.98%	9.24%	7.52%		

NOTE: Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting

TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Deal Branchi				Total	Total	Taxable Estimated	Assessed Value
Fiscal Year	Residential	Real Property  Commercial	Industrial	Personal Property	Motor Vehicle	Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Actual Taxable Value	As a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2017 \$	808,469,860 \$	46,132,140 \$	5,610,780 \$	22,447,050 \$	88,711,390 \$	971,371,220	36.94	\$ 1,387,673,170	70
2016	804,827,730	46,197,090	5,517,260	21,117,660	88,087,910	965,747,650	36.22	1,379,639,500	70
2015	800,597,960	46,174,200	5,517,260	19,993,660	87,870,220	960,153,300	35.52	1,371,647,571	70
2014	797,228,500	46,311,350	5,517,260	19,489,890	85,595,310	954,142,310	34.83	1,363,060,443	70
2013	904,887,630	51,293,580	6,204,730	18,547,720	86,066,740	1,067,000,400	30.69	1,524,286,286	70
2012	901,273,420	50,860,910	6,204,730	17,415,490	81,355,570	1,057,110,120	30.10	1,510,157,314	70
2011	898,043,590	50,849,210	6,204,730	17,484,120	76,809,940	1,049,391,590	29.79	1,499,130,843	70
2010	893,744,090	50,839,760	6,204,730	17,304,720	74,359,520	1,042,452,820	29.46	1,489,218,314	70
2009	892,786,680	50,296,370	6,050,380	17,366,340	79,545,660	1,046,045,430	29.35	1,494,350,614	70
2008	698,583,640	37,285,550	5,581,730	16,625,490	78,991,050	837,067,460	35.97	1,195,810,657	70

Source: Town of Granby Office of Tax Assessor

# TOWN OF GRANBY PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Town Direct	t Rates	
		General Town	Board of	Debt	
Fiscal Year		Government	Education	Service	<b>Total Direct</b>
Ended June 30,		Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate
2017		9.86	23.98	3.1	36.94
2016		9.42	23.69	3.11	36.22
2015		9.24	23.45	2.83	35.52
2014	(a)	8.91	23.02	2.90	34.83
2013		7.79	20.41	2.49	30.69
2012		7.48	20.06	2.56	30.10
2011		7.2	19.62	2.97	29.79
2010		6.94	19.39	3.13	29.46
2009	(a)	7.06	19.22	3.07	29.35
2008		8.68	23.66	3.63	35.97

(a) - Revaluation year

Source: Town of Granby Finance Department

# TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS FISCAL YEARS 2017 AND 2008

		Grand I	_ist Year 1	0/1/2015			Grand	List Year	10/1/2006
Taxpayer	,	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value	Taxpayer	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value
Connecticut Light & Power	\$	10,195,910	1	1.05	Connecticut Light & Power	\$	5,779,610	1	0.72
Granby Developers		4,337,340	2	0.44	Granby Developers		4,690,000	2	0.59
Baygrape Associates		3,637,270	3	0.37	Arrow Concrete Products		4,467,130	3	0.56
Arrow Concrete Products		3,624,230	4	0.37	Baygrape Associates		3,377,700	4	0.42
Granby Holdings, LLC		3,288,040	5	0.34	Granby Holdings, LLC		3,213,420	5	0.40
Halmar, Inc.		2,845,850	6	0.29	Riverbend Associates, Inc		2,745,430	6	0.34
Granby Center Associates		1,895,950	7	0.20	Halmar Inc		2,727,060	7	0.34
Riverbend Associates, Inc		1,774,160	8	0.18	Guarco, Michael B. & David A.		2,329,560	8	0.29
Reesg Properties, LLC		1,531,740	9	0.16	Pierce Enterprises, LLC		2,096,590	9	0.26
Stop & Shop Supermarkets Co		1,328,080	10	0.14	Granby Center Associates	_	1,749,720	10	0.22
Total	\$	34,458,570		3.54		\$_	33,176,220		4.14

Source: Town of Granby, Office of Tax Assessor

# TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Collected V	Within The ar of Levy		Total Collect	ions to Date	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Rate In Mills	 Taxes Levied For The Fiscal Year	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections In Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentag of Levy	je
2017	36.94	\$ 35,878,035	\$	35,796,114	98.94%	N/A	\$ 35,796,114	98.94	%
2016	36.22	35,293,299		34,570,307	97.95	N/A	34,570,307	97.95	
2015	35.52	34,396,661		33,651,746	97.84	N/A	33,651,746	97.84	
2014	34.83	33,586,134		32,796,233	97.65	N/A	32,796,233	97.65	
2013	30.69	33,046,915		32,262,602	97.63	N/A	32,262,602	97.63	
2012	30.1	32,068,276		31,303,545	97.62	N/A	31,303,545	97.62	
2011	29.79	31,248,771		30,768,115	98.50	N/A	30,768,115	98.50	
2010	29.46	30,889,640		30,242,388	97.90	N/A	30,242,388	97.90	
2009	29.35	30,978,015		30,222,246	97.56	N/A	30,222,246	97.56	
2008	35.97	30,371,951		29,759,749	97.98	241,393	30,001,142	98.78	

TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year	General Bonded Debt Bonds General Obligation Bonds	Accumulated Resources Restricted for Debt Repayment	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Bonded Debt Per Capita (not rounded)	Other Debt Capital Leases	Total Debt	Debt Per Capita (not rounded)	Percentage of Debt to Personal Income
2017	\$ 18,850	\$ 176 \$	18,674	1.35% \$	1,667 \$	1,937 \$	20,787	\$ 1,838	3.49%
2016	21,713	237	21,476	1.56%	1,920	1,826	23,539	2,081	3.71%
2015	24,571	294	24,277	1.77%	2,178	1,795	26,366	2,337	4.22%
2014	26,804	366	26,438	1.94%	2,384	1,786	28,590	2,543	4.56%
2013	29,137	429	28,708	1.88%	2,575	1,784	30,921	2,733	5.11%
2012	22,063	499	21,564	1.43%	1,954	1,636	23,699	2,099	3.93%
2011	24,375	563	23,812	1.59%	2,161	1,719	26,094	2,313	4.33%
2010	27,230	774	26,456	1.78%	2,427	1,815	29,045	2,589	5.69%
2009	30,198	1,128	29,070	1.95%	2,692	1,675	31,873	2,841	8.39%
2008	32,910	1,308	31,602	2.64%	2,962	1,696	34,606	3,114	9.20%

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

# TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF DEBT LIMITATION JUNE 30, 2017

Total tax collections (include		\$	36,067,912												
Reimbursements for reven Tax relief for the elderly	ue l	oss for the yea	r en	ded June 30, 20	017:				-	75,068					
Base	ase														
		General Purpose		Schools		Sewers		Urban Renewal		Pension Deficit					
Debt Limitation 2-1/4 times base 4-1/2 times base 3-3/4 times base	\$	81,321,705	\$	162,643,410	\$	135,536,175	\$		\$						
3-1/4 times base 3 times base Total debt limitation	_	81,321,705	-	162,643,410	-	135,536,175	•	117,464,685	_	108,428,940 108,428,940					
Indebtedness:	_	01,021,700	-	102,040,410	-	100,000,110	•	117,404,000	-	100,420,540					
Bonds and notes payable Bonds authorized		5,485,000		12,640,000											
and unissued Net indebtedness	-	50,000 5,535,000	-	1,489,277 14,129,277	-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	-						
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and Authorized Debt	\$ <u>_</u>	75,786,705	\$	148,514,133	\$	135,536,175	\$	117,464,685	\$_	108,428,940					

Note: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed \$253,000,860 or seven times annual receipts from taxation

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	FISCAL YEAR																
	_	2017	2016	2015	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010	2009		2008
Debt limitation	\$	253,001 \$	245,196 \$	238,835	\$	233,144	\$	229,251	\$	222,205	\$	218,289	\$	215,058 \$	214,99	97 \$	210,877
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	19,664	22,479	25,289	_	27,624	_	29,959	_	32,034	_	25,892	_	28,460	31,01	8	33,305
Legal Debt Margin	\$_	233,337 \$	222,717 \$	213,546	\$_	205,520	\$_	199,292	\$_	190,171	\$_	192,397	\$_	186,598 \$	183,97	<u>'9</u> \$	177,572
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	=	7.77%	9.17%	10.59%	_	11.85%	. =	13.07%		14.42%	_	11.86%	_	13.23%	14.43	<u>3%</u>	15.79%

Source: Comprehensive annual financial report - Schedule of Debt Limitation

Note: See Table 10 for calculation of current year debt limitation

## **TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS** LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year	Population(1)	Per Capita Income(5)	Median Age(2)	School Enrollment(3)	Unemployment Rate(4)	Total Personal Income(2)
2017	11,310 \$	52,984	47.1	1,826	3.70% \$	52,648
2016	11,310	56,042	46.7	1,876	3.40%	52,648
2015	11,284	55,309	45.8	1,953	3.50%	52,648
2014	11,243	55,814	44.6	1,959	4.50%	52,648
2013	11,316	53,437	44.6	2,025	6.00%	52,648
2012	11,291	53,437	44.6	2,205	5.80%	52,648
2011	11,282	53,437	44.6	2,152	6.00%	52,648
2010	11,220	45,519	42	2,275	5.90%	52,648
2009	11,219	33,863	42	2,324	5.80%	52,648
2008	11,112	33,863	42	2,202	3.70%	52,648

(1) Source: Connecticut Department of Health and Census

(2) Source: Census - Based upon most recent info from 2010 census

(3) Source: Annual Budget

(4) Source: Connecticut Department Labor

(5) Source: Comparative Guide to American Suburbs 2009-10

U.S. Census - American Fact Finder

U.S. Census data Board of Education

Connecticut Department of Labor

U.S. Census data

## TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS 2017 AND 2008

			2017		2008			
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	
Town of Granby	Local Municipal Government	440	1	18.3	473	1	19.6	
YMCA	Recreation and Social Services	269	2	11.2	302	2	12.5	
Meadow Brook Nursing Home	Medical Services	190	3	7.9	182	4	7.5	
Imperial Nursery/Monrovia	Nursery Production	120	4	5.0	295	3	12.2	
Stop and Shop	Supermarket	118	5	4.9	145	6	6.0	
Geissler's Supermarket	Retail Sales	93	6	3.8	105	7	4.3	
Arrow Concrete	Industrial	60	7	2.4	37	11	1.5	
Salmon Brook Vet Hospital	Veterinary Hospital	54	8	2.2	65	8	2.7	
TJ Maxx	Retail	50	9	2.0				
Stateline Oil	Service/fabrication	30	10	1.2	66	9	2.8	
High Meadow - Seasonal	Entertainment				149	5	6.2	
CVS	Retail				52	10	2.2	
Total		1,424		58.9	1,871		77.5	

Source: Town of Granby, Community Development Office/Assessor Employees are full and part-time. Total town employment is based on full-time.

# TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES AS OF JUNE 30,									
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Function/Program										
General government	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Police	23	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	22	22
Fire	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Refuse collection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other public works	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	17	17	17
Parks and recreation	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Library	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Education	295.2	304.2	298.8	299.6	315.2	317.9	323.3	321.4	319.1	320.8
Total	351.2	360.2	354.8	355.6	370.2	372.9	378.3	377.4	375.1	376.8

### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR									
Function/Program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
General government:										
Building permits issued	900	954	993	1,047	889	1025	772	744	751	700
Building inspections conducted	1,310	1,325	1,300	1,275	1,120	994	1,101	1,200	1,690	1,560
Police:										
Physical arrests	129	166	114	206	206	140	118	183	169	163
Parking violations	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	11	6	0
Traffic violations	774	871	1,327	1,241	1,488	1,465	880	2,105	1,868	1,039
Fire:										
Emergency responses	246	224	212	210	211	281	249	215	241	226
Fires extinguished	40	16	10	21	73	25	30	17	35	41
Inspections	133	151	168	130	92	103	99	70	55	56
Refuse collection:										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	11.84	12	12.1	12.2	14.5	14.3	14.7	12.71	13	14.9
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	4.98	5.4	5.44	5.5	4.5	4.1	4	6	3.8	3.2
Other public works:										
Street resurfacing (miles)	3.32	3.74	0	3.5	3.6	1.75	2.15	2.68	3.25	3.3
Potholes repaired	153	138	162	142	150	145	155	150	150	150
Parks and recreation:										
Athletic field permits issued	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Community center admissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Library:										
Volumes in collection	70,077	74,696	69,405	70,298	71,270	74,340	76,006	75,199	75,125	72,411
Total volumes borrowed	114,999	112,148	142,701	130,409	132,215	146,424	136,344	165,780	170,124	165,171
Water:										
New connections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Water main breaks	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average daily consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Peak daily consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Wastewater:										
Average daily sewage treatment										
(thousands of gallons)	139,000	115,000	135,000	120,000	130,000	130,000	160,000	120,000	110,000	188,000
Transit:										
Total route miles	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Passengers	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Source: Annual Reports, Budgets, and Department records

### TOWN OF GRANBY, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR									
Function/Program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Police:	<u> </u>									
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9
Fire stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Refuse collection:										
Collection trucks	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other public works:										
Streets (miles)	95.9	95.9	95.70	95.70	95.70	95.70	95.70	95.70	95.70	95.11
Highways (miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Streetlights	152	151	151	151	151	151	151	151	151	151
Traffic signals	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Parks and recreation:										
Acreage	161.8	161.8	161.8	161.8	161.8	161.8	161.8	161.8	161.8	161.8
Playgrounds	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Baseball/softball diamonds	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Soccer/football fields	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water:										
Water mains (miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fire hydrants	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Storage capacity (thousands	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
of gallons)										
Wastewater:										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	5.31	5.31	5.31	5.31	5.31	5.31	5.31	5.31	4.77	4.77
Storm sewers (miles)	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
Treatment capacity (thousands	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000
of gallons)										
Transit - mini-buses	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Source: Annual Reports, Budgets and Department records